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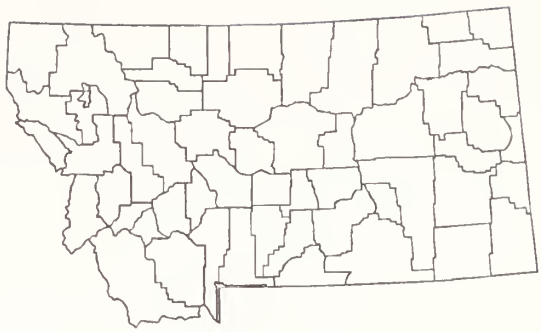
MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



MONTANA
COUNTY HEALTH PROFILES

February 1997

Demographics

Health Status Indicators

Health Resource Assessment

Prepared and distributed by the
Health Assessment & Resource Development Section
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COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE

May 1997

MONTANA

Department of Public Health & Human Services

HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

County: Beaverhead

County Seat: Dillon

Beaverhead County is in southwestern Montana on the Idaho border. The population density was 1.6 persons per square mile in 1995, making Beaverhead County a frontier county. The county seat is Dillon. Bannack, the first territorial capital and the Big Hole Battlefield are located in Beaverhead County. The county's major source of income is retail trade. The county is served by a county health department located in Dillon and a Board of Health that meets quarterly.

Health Department:
1260 S Atlantic, Dillon, MT 59725
683-4771

Demographics		Beaverhead					Montana				
Area (square miles)						5,543					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						9,010					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total
	Male	310	1,080	2,710	490	4,570	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	300	1,030	2,500	600	4,440	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	610	2,090	5,210	1,100	9,010	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						83.9%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$20,925					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						4.3%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		18.6%		31.6%		45.7%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		8.4%		14.7%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						187					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						9					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						16.5					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						7.4					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		75.0	81.0	78.0	☆	78.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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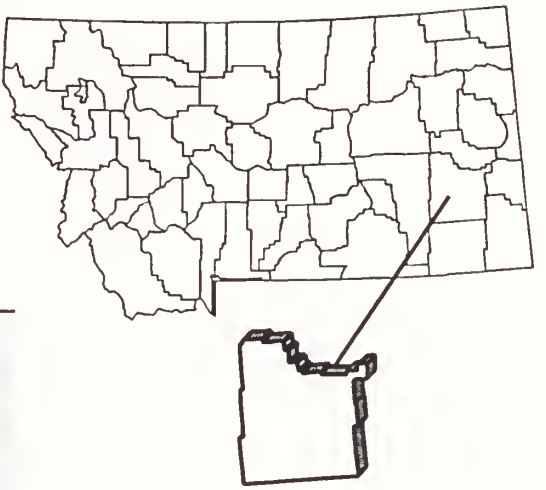
COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
May 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Custer

County Seat: Miles City

Custer County is in southeastern Montana. The population density was 3.2 persons per square mile in 1995, making Custer County a frontier county. The county seat is Miles City. Miles City is known as the "Cowboy Capital" of the state and the Rough Riders' Museum is located there. The major source of employment is retail trade. The county is served by a county health department located in Miles City and a Board of Health that meets 6-8 times per year.

Health Department:
Courthouse Annex, 1010 Main St.
Miles City, MT 59301
233-3377

Demographics		Custer					Montana				
Area (square miles)						3,783					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						12,190					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	400	1,410	3,200	940	5,930	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	400	1,310	3,340	1,210	6,260	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	800	2,700	6,550	2,150	12,190	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						77.1%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$21,348					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						4.6%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		16.5%		27.8%		39.6%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		10.3%		19.7%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						557					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						8					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						10.9					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						11.6					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		74.0	81.5	78.0	☆	77.5	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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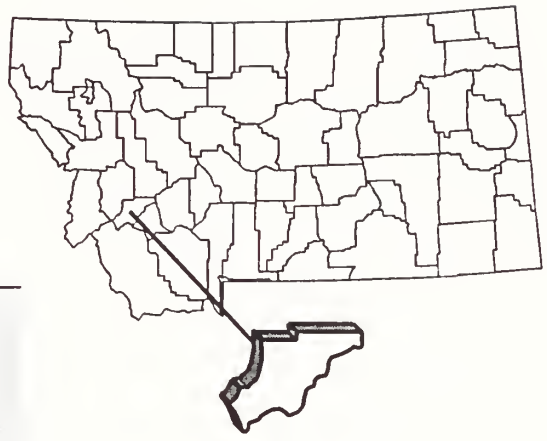
COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
May 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Deer Lodge

County Seat: Anaconda

Deer Lodge County is in southwestern Montana. The population density was 13.8 persons per square mile in 1995, making Deer Lodge County a rural county. The county seat is Anaconda. The world's largest smokestack is located in Deer Lodge County, as were many early mining towns. The county's principal employers are State and local government. The county is served by a county health department located in Anaconda.

Health Department:
115 W Commercial, Box 970
Anaconda, MT 59711
563-7863

Demographics		Deer Lodge					Montana				
Area (square miles)						737					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						10,150					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total
	Male	290	1,020	2,960	790	5,050	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	280	930	2,830	1,070	5,100	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	570	1,940	5,780	1,860	10,150	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						74.5%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$20,281					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						9.1%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		18.6%		27.2%		40.4%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid			Medicare		Medicaid			Medicare	
		12.8%			23.2%		9.0%			14.6%	
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						667					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						6					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						10.6					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						14.1					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		76.0	76.0	76.0	☆	76.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

County: Jefferson

County Seat: Boulder

Jefferson County is in the central part of western Montana. The population density was 5.6 persons per square mile in 1995, making Jefferson County a frontier county. The county seat is Boulder. Jefferson county is one of Montana's original nine counties. The major source of income in the county is the metal mining industry. The county is served by a county health department with offices in Boulder and Whitehall and a Board of Health that meets monthly.

Health Department:
214 S. Main, Boulder, MT 59632
225-4231

Demographics		Jefferson					Montana				
Area (square miles)						1,657					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						9,240					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total
	Male	280	1,120	2,880	410	4,700	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	270	1,060	2,790	440	4,540	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	550	2,200	5,660	850	9,240	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						81.4%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$31,400					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						4.7%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		7.4%		15.8%		25.4%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid			Medicare		Medicaid			Medicare	
		6.8%			13.2%		9.0%			14.6%	
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						157					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						6					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						10.0					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						6.8					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		74.0	76.0	75.0	☆	75.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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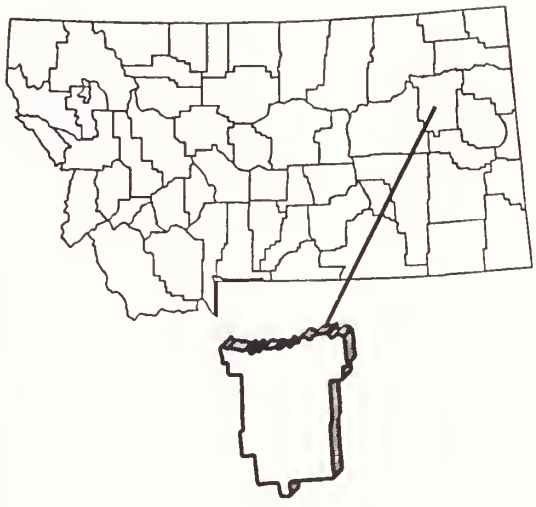
COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
May 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: McCone

County Seat: Circle

McCone County is in the north central part of eastern Montana. The population density was 0.8 persons per square mile in 1995, making McCone County a frontier county. The county seat is Circle. McCone County has been home to some of the largest cattle ranches in the state, running as many as 100,000 cattle. The county's major source of income is still agriculture. The county is served by a part- time county health nurse located in Circle and a Board of Health that meets quarterly.

Health Department:
PO Box 47, 305 Meridian, Circle, MT 59215
485-2444

Demographics		McCone					Montana				
Area (square miles)						2,643					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						2,120					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total
	Male	70	270	570	170	1,070	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	60	240	550	210	1,050	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	130	500	1,120	380	2,120	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						79.5%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$20,487					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						3.1%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		18.6%		33.0%		50.9%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid			Medicare		Medicaid			Medicare	
		4.4%			19.6%		9.0%			14.6%	
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						42					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						15					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						9.0					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						9.9					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		67.0	85.0	77.0	☆	77.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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County: Powell

County Seat: Deer Lodge

Powell County is in the central part of western Montana. The population density was 2.9 persons per square mile in 1995, making Powell County a frontier county. The county seat is Deer Lodge. The Grant Kohrs Ranch National Historic Site, the Old Montana Prison and the Towe Ford Museum are located in Powell County. The primary source of income to the county is from State and local government. The county is served by a county health department located in Deer Lodge and a Board of Health that meets monthly.

Health Department:
306 Milwaukee,PO Box 716
Deer Lodge, MT 59722
846-2420

Demographics		Powell					Montana				
Area (square miles)						2,326					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						6,860					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	190	630	2,800	420	4,020	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	170	550	1,620	490	2,840	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	350	1,180	4,420	910	6,860	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						76.5%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$21,621					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						8.0%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		16.9%		28.3%		45.1%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		7.7%		16.9%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						171					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						8					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						12.0					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						12.2					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		73.5	80.0	76.0	☆	76.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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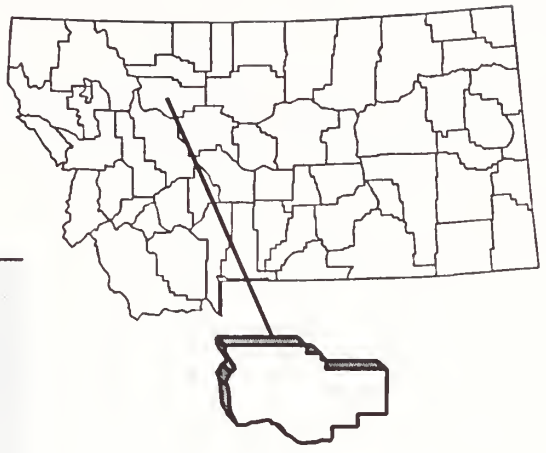

County: Teton

County Seat: Choteau

Teton County is in the central part of northwestern Montana. The population density was 2.8 persons per square mile in 1995, making Teton County a frontier county. The county seat is Choteau. The Egg Mountain dinosaur dig is located in Teton County. The major source of income for the county is agriculture. The county is served by a county health department located in Choteau and a Board of Health that meets quarterly.

Health Department:
PO Box 700, 915 4th St NW, Choteau,
MT 59422, 466-2562

Demographics		Teton					Montana				
Area (square miles)						2,273					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						6,370					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	250	800	1,660	470	3,180	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	240	760	1,620	570	3,190	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	490	1,550	3,280	1,060	6,370	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						76.9%			.		81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$22,072					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						3.4%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		16.9%		31.2%		45.0%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid			Medicare		Medicaid			Medicare	
		5.6%			19.1%		9.0%			14.6%	
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						134					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						11					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						13.2					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						11.6					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		79.0	83.5	80.0	☆	80.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Teton		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	24.4	65.8	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	72.5%☆	65.2%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	6.4%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	8.6%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	17.2 ☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	376.7		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. COPD		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	41.9		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	31.4		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	104.7		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	100.0%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	10.5		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Teton			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	None,1 MAF; 4 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	2/83 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	None	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	1.5	0.5	1	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	2	2	0	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - Choteau and Fairfield CCD; State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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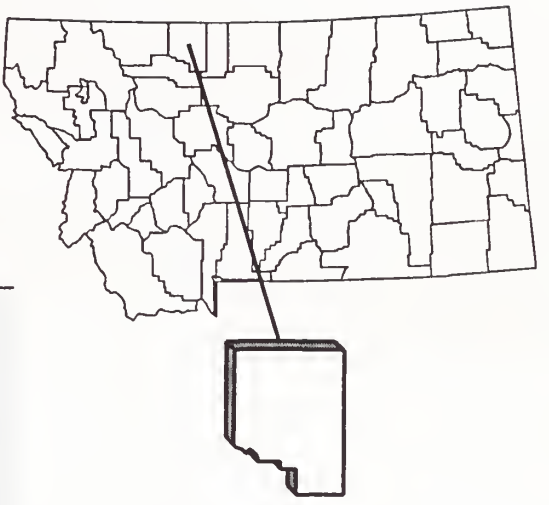
COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
May 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Toole

County Seat: Shelby

Toole County is in northwestern Montana on the Canadian border. The population density was 2.7 persons per square mile in 1995, making Toole County a frontier county. The county seat is Shelby. The Jack Dempsy and Tommy Gibbons fight took place in Toole County. The principal industry in the county is agriculture. The county is served by a county health department located in Shelby and a Board of Health that meets quarterly.

Health Department:
226 1st Street South, Shelby, MT 59474
434-5169

Demographics		Toole					Montana				
Area (square miles)						1,911					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						5,100					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	190	600	1,400	350	2,520	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	180	620	1,380	420	2,580	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	370	1,200	2,750	770	5,100	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						77.4%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$25,108					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						5.3%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		14.9%		22.1%		35.1%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid			Medicare		Medicaid			Medicare	
		7.4%			15.1%		9.0%			14.6%	
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						143					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						9					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						11.8					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						12.0					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		76.0	78.0	77.5	☆	77.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

☆ = The population size and/or number of events is too small to ensure reliable statistics for use in assessment or planning.
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Prepared and distributed by the Health Assessment & Resource Development Section, Health Systems Bureau, Health Policy and Services Division. If you have questions or suggestions, E-mail them to *sspence@mt.gov* or call Sherry Spence at 406-444-1566 or JoAnn Dotson at 406-444-4748.

DEPARTMENT OF
PUBLIC HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
HEALTH POLICY & SERVICES DIVISION

MARC RACICOT
GOVERNOR

LAURIE EKANGER
DIRECTOR

STATE OF MONTANA

COGSWELL BLDG., 1400 BROADWAY
PO BOX 202951
HELENA, MONTANA 59620-2951

February 14, 1997

RE: MONTANA COUNTY HEALTH PROFILES

Enclosed please find a County Health Profile for your county. The Health Assessment and Resource Development Section of the Health Systems Bureau has developed one of these profiles for each of Montana's counties. The purpose of these profiles is to give health providers, planners, and other policy makers consistent data for identifying health needs and evaluating plans and programs. Attached to the health profile is a sheet defining the data elements and information sources used.

These profiles are being distributed this month to state legislators, county commissioners, county health officers, county human service offices, local public health departments, and hospital administrators. The Department of Public Health and Human Services (DPHHS) will maintain full sets as reference documents and will distribute full sets to state health professional organizations, universities, and selected government officers and staff who deal with health statistics on a regular basis.

These profiles will be updated annually and released in the winter. Future plans are to incorporate the Profiles into the DPHHS Home Page, making the information Internet accessible and reducing printing and distribution costs. The Health Assessment and Resource Development Section also maintains the county-level database used to develop these profiles and can provide -- or help you get -- more detailed health status or resource information.

The idea for these profiles is not new. Many counties have developed their own information sheets or brochures, and other groups have distributed similar profiles or fact sheets. What is new is that this project is incorporated into the health planning unit of DPHHS with a commitment to update the profiles annually and to maintain a data base of demographic, health status, health facility, and health provider information as a basis for comprehensive health planning. We recognize that these summary sheets will not meet the needs of every planner or policy maker and will necessarily be a "work in progress" for some time. Send any comments or requests for additional county profiles to:

Health Assessment & Resource Development Section
Health Systems Bureau
Health Policy and Services Division - DPHHS
PO Box 202951
Helena MT 59620-2951
VOICE: 406-444-4748 or 406-444-1566
FAX 406-444-1861

We look forward to your comments and questions, because they will help us improve these health profiles.

Sincerely,

Nancy Ellery

Nancy Ellery, Administrator
Health Policy and Services Division

Montana County Health Profiles

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Definitions and Data Use Notes

Data Year: Most County Health Profile information is based on events occurring in calendar year 1995, the most current data year for t majority of items. The most current data year for information based on U. S. Bureau of the Census (Census) *enumerations* is 1990. Cen *estimates* are as of July 1, 1995.

Data Sources: Vital data on pregnancies, births, and deaths were provided in electronic files by DPHHS's Vital Statistics Bureau and tabulated and analyzed by Health Assessment and Resource Development (HARD) staff. Census and income data were provided by the Economic Information Center in the Montana Department of Commerce

Data Reliability: When the small number of events makes single-year estimates unreliable for county health assessment or planning, a three-year period -- 1993 to 1995 -- was used. In some cases, even a three-year average is based on too few events or too small a population for reliable conclusions about the county's health. Those cases are identified with ☆ if the statistic is likely to be too unreliable to form the basis for policy or program decisions. The item is identified with ☆☆ if the statistic may be unreliable, but may be used with caution.

County Description

Population Density: The calculated number of persons per square mile, based on the 1995 Census estimate of county population and th Census report of county size.

County Type: An area is "Frontier" if the population density is 6 or fewer persons per square mile. A "Rural" area has more than 6 an fewer than 50 persons per square mile.

Principal Employer, Industry, or Source of Income: Based on a comparative analysis by HARD staff of data on employment, wage, from the 1990 Census and the Montana Department of Labor and Industry.

Health Department and Board of Health: Based on a report to the Public Health Improvement Task Force, "1996 Montana County P Michelle Hastings, Watcharapong Kritprad, David Green, and Brent Morrow, University of Montana, on a survey of local health depart

Demographics

Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate): Current Census estimate of total county/state population for 1995.

Population by Age and Gender: Data for 1995 are taken from the Census' multi-year projections done in 1996. The population in ea category is estimated separately and rounded; thus, rows and columns may not add to the totals shown.

Percent 25 Years or Older with HS Diploma or GED: Calculated based on 1990 Census enumerations by county.

Median Household Income: Based on the 1990 Census, 50% of the households in the county/state had this total annual income or less

Unemployment Rate: Tabulated for each county by the Dept of Labor and Industry's Research & Analysis Bureau.

Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level: Taken from a CEIC table on "Ratio of 1989 income to poverty level of pe whom poverty status is determined" and based on 1990 Census data.

Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor: The percent of the population on Medicaid is the of persons eligible for Medicaid during June 1995 divided by the 1995 Census population estimate for the area. The percent of the population on Medicare is the count of those whose care was paid by Medicare at any time during the year, provided by Montana Wyomi Foundation for Medical Care, divided by the area population.

Persons 16 Years and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations: Provided by CEIC from the 1990 Census.

Rurality Index: A scale of political/social connectedness and access to professional and community resources and services where "0" is least rural and "20" is most rural. This scale was developed by Professor Charles L. Cleland and reported in "Measuring Rurality," prepared for the meeting of the Southern Demographic Association in Atlanta, in October 1994.

Live Births and Deaths per 1,000 Population: Numbers of vital events (births or deaths) happening to residents of the area in 1995 d by the total area population for 1995 and multiplied by 1,000.

Average (Median) Age at Death by Sex and Race: The midpoint in the range of ages: 50% of the decedents in the cate-gory were th older. Either racial category may include "Hispanic"; "Other" also includes those of unknown race.

Health Status Indicators

Fertility Rates: The *teen fertility rate per 1,000* population is the number of births to females aged 19 and younger divided by the num of females aged 15 to 19 in the population, times 1,000. The *fertility rate for all women* is the total number of births divided by the

population of women aged 15 to 44 years, times 1,000. The populations of women younger than 15 and older than 44 are not used beca relatively few of the women in these age groups are likely to give birth. Including total populations for those age groups would yield an large underestimate of the true fertility rate. The calculation as it is done yields a slight overestimate.

Timing of Prenatal Care: Measured by the percent of all births that were to women who began receiving prenatal care during the first trimester (the first three months) of pregnancy.

Adequacy of Prenatal Care: Measured by the Kotelchuck index. This index defines adequate care as prenatal care beginning within t first four months of pregnancy, but only if the total number of prenatal visits was adequate or better relative to the gestational age of the newborn. The total number of visits must be at least 80% of the number expected (given the newborn's gestational age) to be define "adequate."

Percent Low Birthweight: Percent of births for which the weight of the newborn was less than 2,500 grams (5 lbs. 8 oz.).

Percent of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities: Proportion of births with one or more congenital anomalies or birth abnorm recorded on the birth certificate.

Fetal-Infant Mortality: Rate of fetal and infant deaths per 1,000 births and fetal deaths. The three-year mortality rate is used instead of the five-year rate because true changes in trends are less likely to be masked in the shorter time period. Fetal and infant deaths are grouped in a single rate because the leading causes of fetal and infant deaths are the same.

Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior: Based on responses by county residents to the Behavioral Risk Factor Survey System (BRFS 1993 through 1995. Statistics are not provided because county-level statistics are unreliable.

Cancer Incidence Rate: Number of new cancer cases diagnosed or first treated from 1993 through 1995 per 100,000 population, as re to the Montana Central Tumor Registry (MCTR).

Leading Causes of Death: Two or three causes of death that occurred with greatest frequency from 1993 through 1995 (the first cause listed being the most frequent, and so on). Determination of a leading causes is based on a frequency of at least five deaths. Death rates are not shown because they may be unreliable in many counties.

Cause-Specific Death Rates, provided for **Motor Vehicle Accidents**, **Suicide**, and **Traumatic Injury:** The number of deaths from th cause per 100,000 population. These rates are presented because Montana death rates are higher than national rates for these causes. County-level statistics may be unreliable and should be used cautiously.

Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized: The proportion of all children from 24 through 35 months of age who are reported to DPH Immunization Section as being fully immunized.

STD Incidence: Number of reportable new cases of sexually transmitted diseases per 100,000 population, as reported to DPHHS's ST Section.

<u>Health Resource Assessment</u>

Hospitals, Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs), Health Clinics, Long Term Care Facilities, and Aging Services (Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Homes): Numbers are counts of the facility licenses recorded as of August 1 DPHHS's Licensure and Certification Bureau, Quality Assurance Division. Residence facilities licensed only for food service are not included. If an organization has a single license covering two or more facilities, the license is counted once, in the county of issuance. When the number of beds is shown, it represents the total number of beds in all facilities of the stated type in the county/state. (Note: Suggestions on organization and presentation of data are welcome.)

Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Services: Based on the current 911 Council map and emergency service inf provided by DPHHS's Emergency Medical Service and Injury Prevention Section.

IHS Facilities and Tribal Health Clinics: Data provided by the Billings Area Indian Health Service (IHS). IHS clinics, including satellite clinics, that are part of an IHS hospital organization are not counted separately from the hospital.

Public Health Resources: Provided by DPHHS's Health Policy and Services Division. The number of full-time-equivalent (FTE) Pub Health Nurses was based on a Family and Community Health Bureau survey, Summer, 1996. The Food and Consumer Safety Section pr number of Public Health Sanitarian FTEs. The only count of Nutritionists available for all counties was the number of nutritionists on staff, <u>not</u> the number of FTEs, in local WIC Programs.

Primary Care Provider Resources: The Primary Care Office in DPHHS maintains a record of the number of practicing MDs, DOs, Fa Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants in the state. The count of primary care MDs and DOs does not include specialists who provide primary care services in conjunction with their specialty practice.

Health Care Provider Shortage Status: The Primary Care Office maintains information about and designations of Health Professional Shortage Areas (HPSAs) using both federal and state criteria, Medically Underserved Areas (MUAs), and Medically Underserved Popul (MUPs).

COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

County: Beaverhead

County Seat: Dillon

Beaverhead County is in southwestern Montana on the Idaho border. The population density was 1.6 persons per square mile in 1995, making Beaverhead County a frontier county. The county seat is Dillon. Bannack, the first territorial capital and The Big Hole Battlefield are located in Beaverhead County. The county's major source of income is retail trade. The county is served by city-county health department located in Dillon and a Board of Health that meets quarterly.

Health Department:
1260 S Atlantic, Dillon, MT 59725
683-4771

Demographics		Beaverhead					Montana				
Area (square miles)						5,543					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						9,010					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	310	1,080	2,710	490	4,570	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	300	1,030	2,500	600	4,440	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	610	2,090	5,210	1,100	9,010	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						83.9%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$20,925					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						4.3%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		18.6%		31.6%		45.7%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid			Medicare		Medicaid			Medicare	
		8.4%			14.7%		9.0%			14.6%	
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						187					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						9					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						16.5					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						7.4					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		75.0	81.0	78.0	☆	78.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Beaverhead		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	36.3	65.1	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	78.9%☆☆	77.8%☆☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	6.1%☆☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	9.5%☆☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	13.2 ☆☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	310.8		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. COPD		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	41.4		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	15.1		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	82.9		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	93.8%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	52.7		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Beaverhead			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 31 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	1 service in Dillon		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	1/108 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	1	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	2	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	0.9	0.5	1	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	8	0	1	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - None; No State HPSA; Part of County Designated as Medically Underserved					

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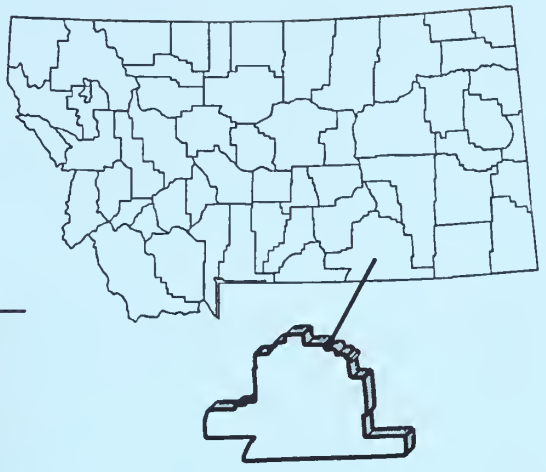
COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Big Horn

County Seat: Hardin

Big Horn County is in southeastern Montana on the Wyoming border. The population density was 2.4 persons per square mile in 1995, making Big Horn County a frontier county. The county seat is Hardin. The Crow Reservation, Yellowtail Dam and Big Horn Canyon Recreation Area are located in Big Horn County. The county's major industry is mining. The county is served by a county health department located in Hardin and a Board of Health that meets quarterly.

Health Department:
801 Custer Ave, Hardin, MT 59034
665-1005

Demographics		Big Horn					Montana				
Area (square miles)						4,995					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						12,220					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	630	1,850	3,130	430	6,020	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	590	1,700	3,360	550	6,190	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	1,220	3,560	6,460	990	12,220	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						69.2%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$19,101					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						12.6%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		35.3%		51.5%		62.0%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		18.6%		9.5%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						741					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						10					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						18.5					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						8.8					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		64.5	76.0	78.0	54.0	69.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Big Horn		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	99.3	90.5	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	68.4%	80.8%	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	5.0%		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	14.9%		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	6.9		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	237.4		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Accidents		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	72.2		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	16.7		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	152.7		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	71.0%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	133.3		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Big Horn			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local; 16 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	1 service in Hardin		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	2 clinics, 1 hospital			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	2/73 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	1	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	1.0	0.5	●	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	12	3	0	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - All; State HPSA; All of County is Medically Underserved					

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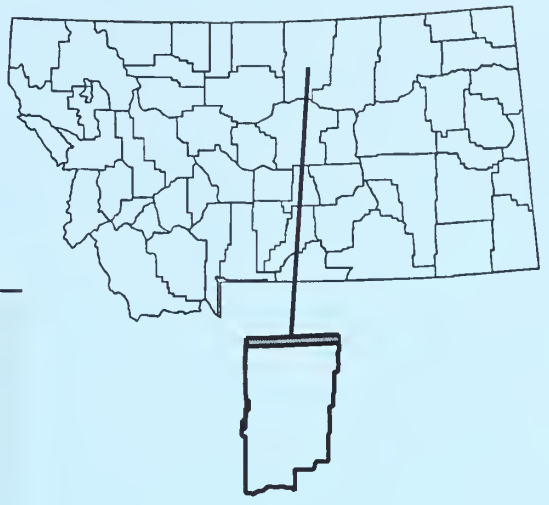
COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE

February 1997

MONTANA

Department of Public Health & Human Services

HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Blaine

County Seat: Chinook

Blaine County is in north central Montana on the Canadian border. The population density was 1.7 persons per square mile in 1995, making Blaine County a frontier county. The county seat is Chinook. Chief Joseph surrendered in Blaine County saying, "I shall fight no more, forever." The Fort Belknap reservation is located in Blaine County. The primary source of income is State and local government. The county is served by a county health department located in Chinook and a Board of Health that meets twice per year.

Health Department:
Courthouse Annex Box 1017, Havre, MT
357-2345

Demographics		Blaine					Montana				
Area (square miles)						4,226					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						7,030					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	300	1,020	1,810	380	3,520	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	310	950	1,820	450	3,510	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	610	1,970	3,620	840	7,030	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						70.3%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$18,512					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						9.7%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		27.7%		44.5%		57.8%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		16.2%		13.8%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						153					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						13					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						12.4					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						11.1					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		73.0	77.0	77.0	65.5	74.5	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Blaine		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	77.9	74.5	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	69.8%☆☆	40.9%☆☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	8.9%☆☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	8.9%☆☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	18.5 ☆☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	455.1		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Accidents		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	33.3		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	23.8		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	100.0		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	94.1%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	76.2		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Blaine			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	None			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	1 clinic, 1 hospital			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	1			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	1/42 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	None	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	2.0	0.5	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	4	1	0	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - All; State HPSA; All of County is Medically Underserved					

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COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

County: Broadwater

County Seat: Townsend

Broadwater County is in south central Montana east of the continental divide. The population density was 3.3 persons per square mile in 1995, making Broadwater County a frontier county. The county seat is Townsend. The south end of Canyon Ferry Lake is located in Broadwater County. The county's major source of income is the lumber and wood products industry. The county is served by a county health department located in Townsed.

Health Department:
124 N Cedar, Townsend, MT 59644
266-5209

Demographics		Broadwater					Montana				
Area (square miles)						1,192					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						3,890					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	140	450	1,090	300	1,980	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	130	380	1,060	330	1,910	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	270	830	2,150	630	3,890	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						73.8%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$20,257					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						5.6%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		16.2%		33.4%		47.9%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		9.2%		18.9%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						115					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						10					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						12.3					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						11.8					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		75.0	78.5	75.0	☆	75.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Broadwater		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	37.8	63.8	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	85.1%☆	76.9%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	3.0%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	6.0%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	14.9 ☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	386.1		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Cancer 2. Heart Disease 3. Cerebrovascular Disease		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	18.0		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	18.0		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	80.8		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	95.5%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	26.9		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Broadwater			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 10 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	1/32 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	1	3	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	1	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	1.1	0.2	1	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	2	1	1	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - None; State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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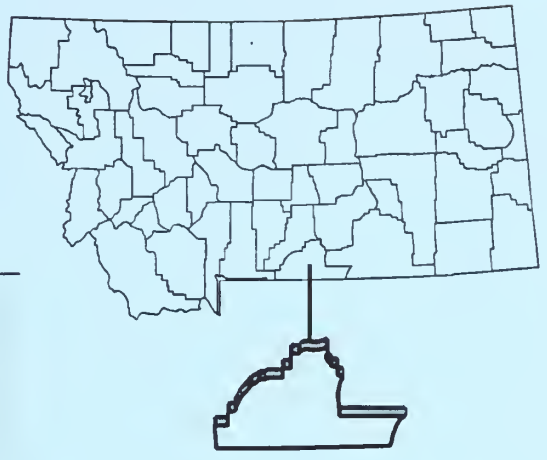
COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Carbon

County Seat: Red Lodge

Carbon County is in south central Montana on the Wyoming border. The population density was 4.4 persons per square mile in 1995, making Carbon County a frontier county. The county seat is Red Lodge.Cooke City Highway and the Beartooth Mountain Range are located in Carbon County. The county also holds the annual Festival of Nations. The county's major source of income is agriculture. The county is served by a county health department located in Joliet and a Board of Health that meets monthly.

Health Department:
Box 197 Joliet MT 59041
962-3800

Demographics		Carbon					Montana				
Area (square miles)						2,048					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						9,030					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total
	Male	290	990	2,400	730	4,390	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	270	1,050	2,430	880	4,640	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	560	2,040	4,830	1,600	9,030	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						78.1%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$19,042					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						6.1%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		16.8%		30.5%		46.6%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid			Medicare		Medicaid			Medicare	
		6.8%			19.4%		9.0%			14.6%	
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						565					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						9					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						10.9					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						9.6					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		76.0	79.0	77.0	☆	77.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Carbon		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	30.4	55.0	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	81.2%☆☆	65.2%☆☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	7.7%☆☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	4.9%☆☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	17.4 ☆☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	387.6		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. COPD		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	37.6		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	26.3		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	94.1		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	74.4%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	11.3		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Carbon			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 22 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	1 rural			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	2 services in Bridger, Joliet		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	2/106 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	2	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	1	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	1.3	0.5	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	5	0	0	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - None; State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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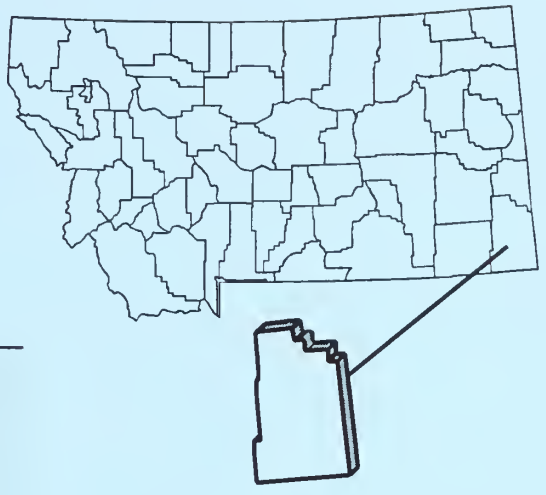
MONTANA

Department of Public Health & Human Services

HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Carter

County Seat: Ekalaka

Carter County is in the southeastern corner of Montana. The population density was 0.4 persons per square mile in 1995, making Carter County a frontier county. The county seat is Ekalaka.Medicine Rocks Hills are located in Carter County. The largest source of income is agriculture. The county is served by a part time county health nurse.

Health Department:
c/o Dahl Memorial Clinic, PO Box 46,
Ekalaka, MT 59324
775-8738

Demographics		Carter					Montana				
Area (square miles)						3,340					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						1,470					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	50	160	430	110	750	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	50	150	400	130	710	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	100	310	820	240	1,470	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						75.9%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$16,458					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						1.8%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		27.4%		43.7%		58.2%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid			Medicare		Medicaid			Medicare	
		4.6%			19.0%		9.0%			14.6%	
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						41					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						17					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						10.2					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						9.5					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		73.5	83.0	75.5	☆	75.5	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Carter		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	16.7	71.4	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	89.1%☆	74.5%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	3.6%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	18.2%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	18.2 ☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	341.5		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	0.0		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	0.0		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	22.2		22.0	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	80.0%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	0.0		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Carter			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	None,1 MAF; 10 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	1 rural			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	1/22 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	None	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	0.0	0.1	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	0	0	1	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - All; State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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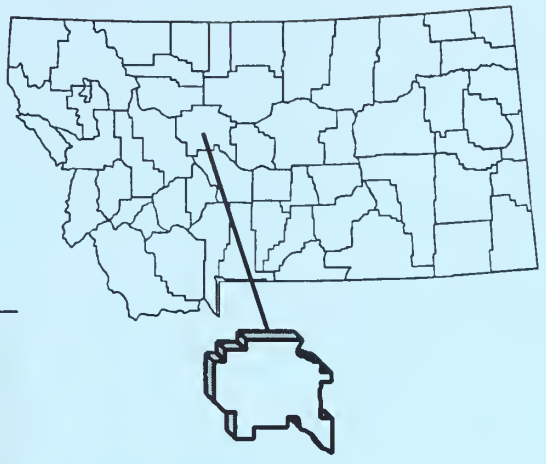

County: Cascade

County Seat: Great Falls

Cascade County is in north central Montana. The population density was 30.1 persons per square mile in 1995, making Cascade County a rural county. The county seat is Great Falls.Cascade County is the home of the Charlie Russell Museum, the Great Falls of the Missouri River, and Malmstrom Air Force Base. The county's major industry is retail trade. The county is served by a county health department located in Great Falls and a Board of Health.

Health Department:
1130 17th Ave S, Great Falls, MT 59405
454-6950

Demographics		Cascade					Montana				
Area (square miles)						2,698					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						81,100					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	3,260	9,430	22,920	4,410	40,010	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	3,120	8,920	23,090	5,960	41,080	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	6,380	18,350	46,010	10,360	81,100	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						82.9%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$23,700					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						5.4%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		13.7%		24.6%		37.6%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid			Medicare		Medicaid			Medicare	
		8.9%			15.9%		9.0%			14.6%	
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						3,051					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						3					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						15.8					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						8.8					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		73.0	79.0	76.0	61.0	76.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Cascade		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	56.9	71.6	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	80.8%	74.5%	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	5.9%		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	7.4%		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	13.5		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	520.4		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. COPD		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	15.7		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	16.9		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	59.8		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	67.8%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	80.4		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Cascade			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital,; 486 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None, 2 community			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	4 services in Great Falls		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	3/639 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	5	1	2	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	3	1		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	2			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	10.5	6.0	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	68	15	6	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - None; No State HPSA; Part of County Designated as Medically Underserved					

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COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
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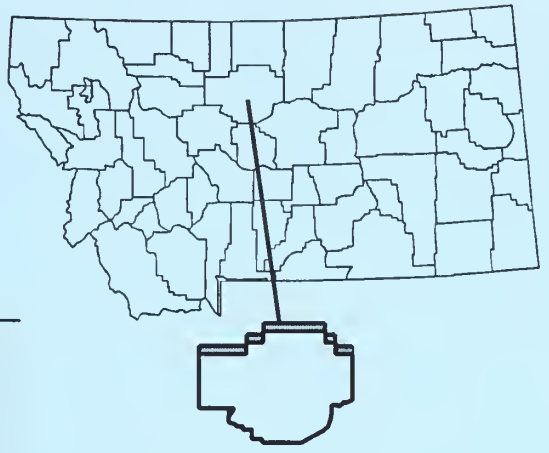
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Chouteau

County Seat: Fort Benton

Chouteau County is in north central Montana. The population density was 1.4 persons per square mile in 1995, making Chouteau County a frontier county. The county seat is Fort Benton, once the world's most inland port. The county is known for its discovery of gold in 1865; its leading industry today is agriculture. The county is served by a county health department located in Fort Benton.

Health Department:
1020 13th Street, Box 459,
Fort Benton, MT 59442
622-3771

Demographics		Chouteau					Montana				
Area (square miles)						3,973					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						5,490					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	180	670	1,450	480	2,800	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	150	590	1,410	560	2,700	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	330	1,250	2,870	1,040	5,490	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						83.4%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$22,362					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						3.5%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		16.4%		29.1%		42.4%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		5.3%		19.7%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						122					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						10					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						10.2					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						9.7					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		78.0	81.0	80.0	☆	79.5	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Chouteau		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	24.5	51.9	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	83.8%☆	75.6%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	3.8%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	5.0%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	0.0 ☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	673.7		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	43.0		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	30.7		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	98.2		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	100.0%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	0.0		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Chouteau			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital,1 MAF; 15 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	2 rural			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	3/96 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	1	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	2	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	1.2	0.2	1	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	2	0	0	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - Big Sandy, Fort Benton and Geraldine CCD; State HPSA; All of County is Medically Underserved					

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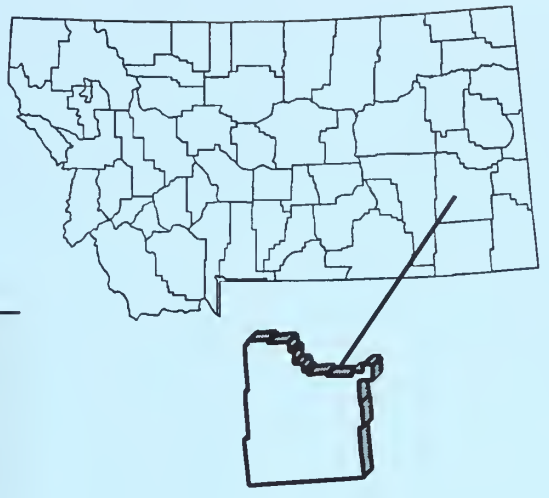

County: Custer

County Seat: Miles City

Custer County is in southeastern Montana. The population density was 3.2 persons per square mile in 1995, making Custer County a frontier county. The county seat is Miles City. The Little Big Horn Battlefield is located in Custer County, which is known as the Cow Capital of the West. The major source of employment is retail trade. The county is served by a county health department located in Miles City and a Board of Health that meets 6-8 times per year.

Health Department:
Courthouse Annex, 101 Main,
Miles City, MT 59301
233-3377

Demographics		Custer					Montana				
Area (square miles)						3,783					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						12,190					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	400	1,410	3,200	940	5,930	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	400	1,310	3,340	1,210	6,260	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	800	2,700	6,550	2,150	12,190	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						77.1%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$21,348					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						4.6%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		16.5%		27.8%		39.6%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid			Medicare		Medicaid			Medicare	
		10.3%			19.7%		9.0%			14.6%	
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						557					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						8					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						10.9					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						11.6					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		74.0	81.5	78.0	☆	77.5	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Custer		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	56.6	62.7	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	78.2%☆☆	74.9%☆☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	7.7%☆☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	34.3%☆☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	12.8 ☆☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	369.1		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	13.8		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	30.3		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	63.3		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	66.7%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	55.0		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Custer			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital, 1 VA hospital; 99 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	2/225 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	2	4	1	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	2	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	1			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	2.0	0.5	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	15	2	3	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - Shirley Ismay CCD; State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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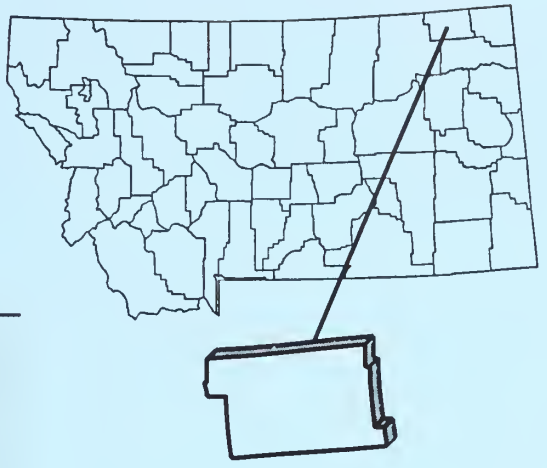
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Daniels

County Seat: Scobey

Daniels County is in northeastern Montana on the Canadian border. The population density was 1.5 persons per square mile in 1995, making Daniels County a frontier county. The county seat is Scobey. Prior to the arrival of White settlers, Daniels County was home to the Assiniboine Tribes. The county's major source of income is from agriculture. The county is served by a part time county health nurse located in Scobey and a Board of Health that meets annually.

Health Department:
PO Box 400, Scobey, MT 59263
487-2296

Demographics		Daniels					Montana				
Area (square miles)		1,426					145,556				
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)		2,140					870,270				
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	50	220	570	230	1,040	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	50	230	550	280	1,100	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	100	440	1,110	510	2,140	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)		74.4%					81.0%				
Median Household Income (1990 Census)		$21,433					$22,988				
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)		2.8%					5.9%				
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%	150%	200%			100%	150%	200%		
		15.5%	28.4%	44.2%			16.1%	27.5%	39.9%		
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid	Medicare				Medicaid	Medicare			
		5.1%	25.2%				9.0%	14.6%			
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)		35					28,515				
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)		13					N.A.				
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)		10.3					12.8				
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)		14.0					8.7				
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		78.5	84.0	82.0	☆	82.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Daniels		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	27.3	56.5	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	86.9%☆	72.1%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	3.3%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	4.9%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	0.0 ☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	514.0		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Cancer 2. Heart Disease 3. Cerebrovascular Disease		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	31.2		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	0.0		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	62.3		22.0	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	100.0%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	0.0		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Daniels			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 6 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	No	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	1/48 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	1	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	0.5	0.2	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	2	1	1	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - All; State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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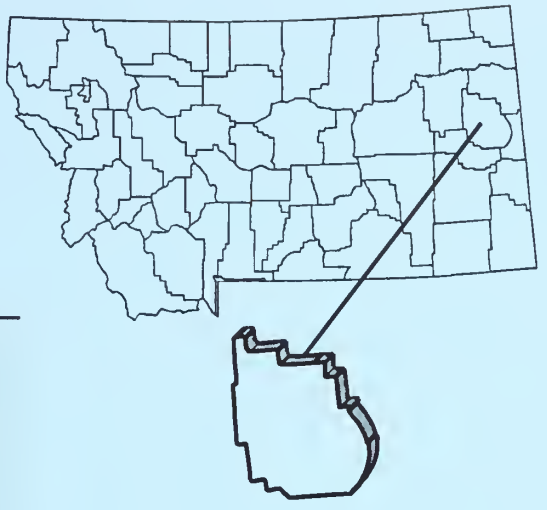
COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Dawson

County Seat: Glendive

Dawson County is in eastern Montana near the North Dakota border. The population density was 3.8 persons per square mile in 1995, making Dawson County a frontier county. The county seat is Glendive. Makoshika State Park is located in the county. The major source of income is the railroad transportation industry. The county is served by a county health department located in Glendive and a Board of Health that meets quarterly.

Health Department:
207 W Bell, Glendive, MT 59330
365-5213

Demographics		Dawson					Montana				
Area (square miles)						2,373					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						9,090					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	250	1,090	2,500	670	4,510	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	240	980	2,510	850	4,590	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	490	2,080	5,020	1,530	9,090	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						74.5%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$23,414					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						3.8%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		14.4%		24.8%		35.6%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		7.9%		19.1%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						404					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						9					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						9.9					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						6.7					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		77.0	83.0	80.0	☆	80.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Dawson		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	33.7	51.4	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	80.4%☆☆	62.1%☆☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	5.4%☆☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	18.9%☆☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	14.3 ☆☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	483.8		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	7.4		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	7.4		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	40.5		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	57.9%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	33.2		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Dawson			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 46 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	3/210 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	1	1	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	2	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	3.6	0.6	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	5	2	2	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - None; No State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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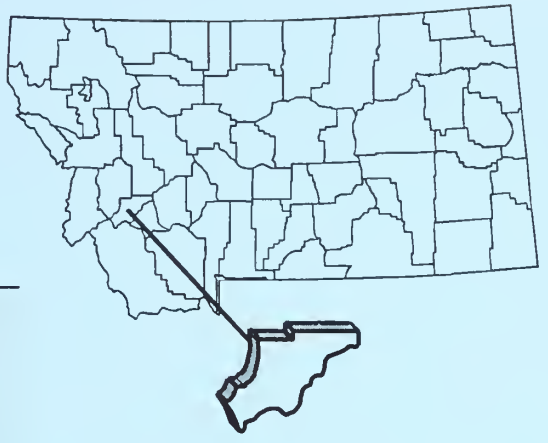

County: Deer Lodge

County Seat: Anaconda

Deer Lodge County is in southwestern Montana. The population density was 13.8 persons per square mile in 1995, making Deer Lodge County a rural county. The county seat is Anaconda. Grant Kohrs Ranch National Historic site, the territorial prison, and Warm Springs Hospital are located in Deer Lodge County. The county's principal employers are State and local government. The county is served by a county health department located in Anaconda.

Health Department:
115 W Commercial, Box 970,
Anaconda, MT 59711
563-7863

Demographics		Deer Lodge					Montana				
Area (square miles)						737					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						10,150					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	290	1,020	2,960	790	5,050	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	280	930	2,830	1,070	5,100	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	570	1,940	5,780	1,860	10,150	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						74.5%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$20,281					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						9.1%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		18.6%		27.2%		40.4%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		12.8%		23.2%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						667					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						6					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						10.6					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						14.1					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		76.0	76.0	76.0	☆	76.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Deer Lodge		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	48.1	49.0	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	73.2%☆☆	71.1%☆☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	8.2%☆☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	5.5%☆☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	13.7 ☆☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	473.0		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. COPD		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	23.0		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	13.1		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	23.6		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	73.9%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	29.5		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Deer Lodge			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 40 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	2/127 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	1	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	2	1		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	1.2	1.0	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	7	2	0	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - None; No State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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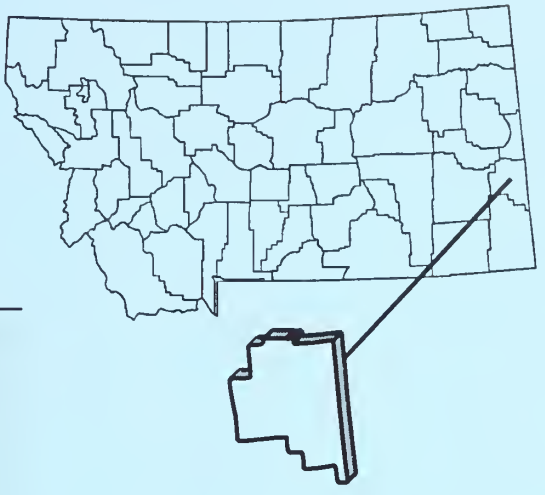

County: Fallon

County Seat: Baker

Fallon County is in southeastern Montana on the North Dakota border. The population density was 1.9 persons per square mile in 1995, making Fallon County a frontier county. The county seat is Baker. The South Sandstone Recreational area is located in Fallon County . The county's leading employer is local government. The county is served by a county health department located in Baker.

Health Department:
PO Box 478, Baker, MT 59313
778-2883

Demographics		Fallon					Montana				
Area (square miles)						1,620					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						3,000					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	120	370	770	240	1,490	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	100	340	770	290	1,510	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	230	720	1,530	540	3,000	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						75.3%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$23,162					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labo & Ind. 1995)						3.3%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		10.9%		24.5%		39.7%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		6.4%		19.3%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						117					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						14					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						10.3					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						9.7					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		77.0	80.0	77.0	☆	77.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Fallon		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	20.0	54.6	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	87.6%☆	65.2%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	1.1%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	27.0%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	10.1		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	399.6		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Cancer 2. Heart Disease 3. Cerebrovascular Disease		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	22.2		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	11.1		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	55.5		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	90.9%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	22.2		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Fallon			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 12 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	1 rural			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	1/40 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	1	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	1	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	2.2	0.2	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	2	0	1	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - All; State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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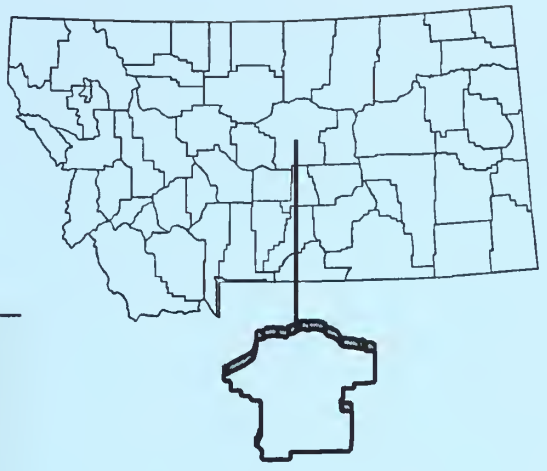
COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Fergus

County Seat: Lewistown

Fergus County is in central Montana. The population density was 2.9 persons per square mile in 1995, making Fergus County a frontier county. The county seat, Lewistown, is the geographic center of the state. The county is home to the Big Springs Trout Hachery. The major industry is agriculture. The county is served by a multi-county health department centered in Lewistown and a Board of Health that meets quarterly.

Health Department:
712 W Main Lewistown, MT 59457
538-7433

Demographics		Fergus					Montana				
Area (square miles)						4,339					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						12,690					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total
	Male	390	1,520	3,330	1,030	6,240	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	370	1,420	3,300	1,370	6,450	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	760	2,930	6,620	2,390	12,690	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						77.3%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$21,398					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						6.1%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		14.3%		28.6%		42.8%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		12.7%		21.2%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						535					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						10					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						11.2					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						12.7					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		78.0	81.0	79.0	☆	79.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Fergus		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	37.1	63.1	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	79.6%☆☆	80.3%☆☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	4.5%☆☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	10.0%☆☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	6.8 ☆☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	811.7		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	18.6		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	13.3		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	55.7		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	80.4%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	10.6		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Fergus			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 47 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	3/377 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	3	2	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	1	1		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	2.0	0.2	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	12	2	1	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - None; No State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

County: Flathead

County Seat: Kalispell

Flathead County is in northwestern Montana on the Canadian border. The population density was 13.6 persons per square mile in 1995, making Flathead County a rural county. The county seat is Kalispell. Hungry Horse Dam and the west entrance to Glacier National Park arelocated in Flathead County. The county's leading income source is the lumber and wood products industry. The county is served by a city-county health department located in Kalispell and a Board of Health that meets monthly.

Health Department:
723 5th Ave E, Kalispell, MT 59901
758-5741

Demographics		Flathead					Montana				
Area (square miles)						5,099					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						69,510					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	2,310	8,320	19,960	3,900	34,490	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	2,180	7,680	20,360	4,820	35,020	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	4,490	16,000	40,320	8,720	69,510	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						82.2%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$24,145					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						8.2%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		14.5%		24.8%		36.5%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		7.6%		15.9%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						2,094					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						8					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						12.1					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						8.0					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		74.0	80.0	77.0	68.0	76.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Flathead		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	48.7	59.2	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	81.1%	80.8%	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	5.6%		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	5.7%		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	9.6		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	296.4		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	16.3		70.7	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	18.8		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	57.4		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	73.9%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	35.6		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Flathead			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	2 local hospitals; 185 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	5 services in Big Fork, Kalispell, Whitefish		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	7/642 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	2	4	1	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	2	1		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	1			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	7.4	7.0	1	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	59	16	5	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - None; No State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
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MONTANA
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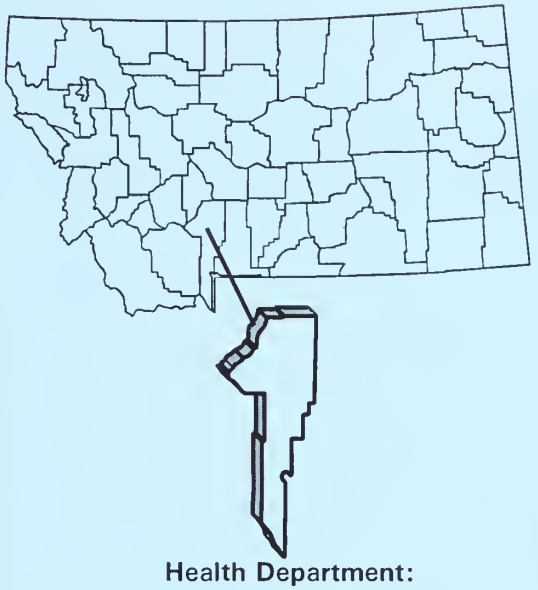
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Gallatin

County Seat: Bozeman

Gallatin County is in southwestern Montana on the state border. The population density was 23.7 persons per square mile in 1995, making Gallatin County a rural county. The county seat is Bozeman. Montana State University, the Museum of the Rockies and the headwaters of the Missori River are located in Gallatin County. The county's leading income source is retail trade. The county is served by a city-county health department located in Bozeman and a Board of Health that meets about 20 times per year.

Health Department:
Rm 103, Courthouse, 307 W Main,
Bozeman, MT 59715
582-3100

Demographics		Gallatin					Montana				
Area (square miles)						2,507					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						59,410					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total
	Male	2,140	6,940	19,120	2,200	30,400	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	2,020	6,620	17,450	2,920	29,020	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	4,160	13,580	36,550	5,130	59,410	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						90.4%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$23,345					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						2.7%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		17.1%		27.3%		39.3%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		4.1%		10.2%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						949					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						3					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						11.6					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						4.5					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		74.0	81.0	77.0	☆	77.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Gallatin		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	19.0	46.4	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	87.9%	80.8%	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	6.1%		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	6.7%		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	13.9		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	286.2		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Cancer 2. Heart Disease 3. Cerebrovascular Disease		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	11.0		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	13.3		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	38.7		22.0	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	64.9%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	41.6		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Gallatin			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 86 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	3 services in Big Sky, Bozeman		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	3/254 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	5	3	1	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	3	1		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	8.6	7.0	1	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	51	18	5	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - Three Forks, Manhattan & W Yellowst CCDs; State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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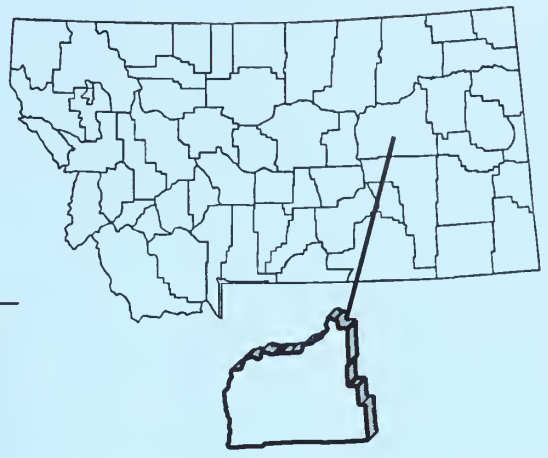
MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Garfield

County Seat: Jordan

Garfield County is in the central part of eastern Montana. The population density was 0.3 persons per square mile in 1995, making Garfield County a frontier county. The county seat is Jordan. An almost complete skeleton of Tyrannosaurus was discovered in the fossil beds on Hell Creek, in Garfield County. The county's major source of income is agriculture. The county is served by a county health department located in Jordan and a Board of Health that meets twice a year.

Health Department:
PO Box 389, Jordan, MT 59337
557-2500

Demographics		Garfield					Montana				
Area (square miles)		4,668					145,556				
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)		1,420					870,270				
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	40	170	400	110	720	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	40	170	370	130	700	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	80	340	740	250	1,420	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)		72.7%					81.0%				
Median Household Income (1990 Census)		$17,201					$22,988				
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)		3.3%					5.9%				
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		17.3%		38.4%		56.9%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		2.9%		19.9%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)		16					28,515				
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)		17					N.A.				
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)		11.3					12.8				
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)		8.5					8.7				
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		78.0	85.0	80.0	☆	79.5	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Garfield		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	37.5	61.5	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	77.1%☆	64.6%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	6.2%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	33.3%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	41.7 ☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	281.9		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. ☆		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	23.3		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	0.0		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	69.8		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	66.7%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	0.0		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Garfield			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	None,1 MAF; 4 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	1/22 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	None	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	0.6	0.0	1	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	0	0	1	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - All; State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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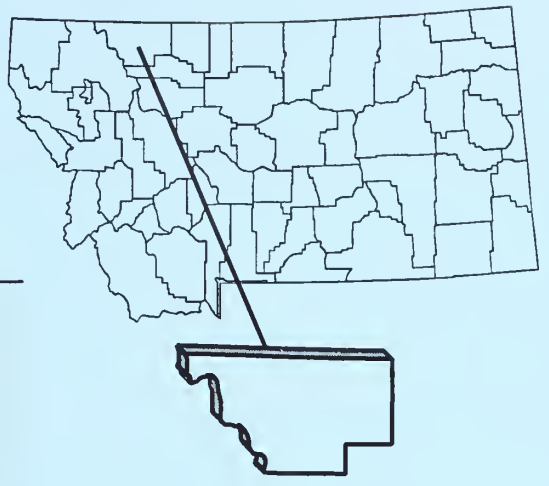
COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Glacier

County Seat: Cut Bank

Glacier County is in northwestern Montana on the Canadian border. The population density was 4.2 persons per square mile in 1995, making Glacier County a frontier county. The county seat is Cut Bank. The Blackfeet Reservation, the Museum of the Plains Indians, and the East Entrance of Glacier National Park are located in Glacier County. The largest employers are federal and local government. The county is served by a county health department located in Cut Bank.

Health Department:
1210 East Main, Cut Bank, MT 59427-0759
873-2924

Demographics		Glacier					Montana				
Area (square miles)						2,995					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						12,680					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	600	1,980	3,110	560	6,260	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	570	1,910	3,250	700	6,420	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	1,180	3,890	6,360	1,260	12,680	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						72.1%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$18,598					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						14.3%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		35.7%		49.1%		58.6%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid			Medicare		Medicaid			Medicare	
		22.8%			11.0%		9.0%			14.6%	
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						307					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						9					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						16.4					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						10.1					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		68.0	78.0	76.0	68.0	73.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Glacier		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	96.3	88.4	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	65.1%	45.8%	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	6.8%		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	6.8%		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	18.7		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	284.0		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Accidents		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	45.5		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	18.7		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	107.0		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	100.0%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	184.5		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Glacier			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 20 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	1 rural			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Partial	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	1 hospital			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	2/86 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	1	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	1			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	0.5	0.4	1	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	7	4	1	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - All; State HPSA; All of County Designated as Medically Underserved					

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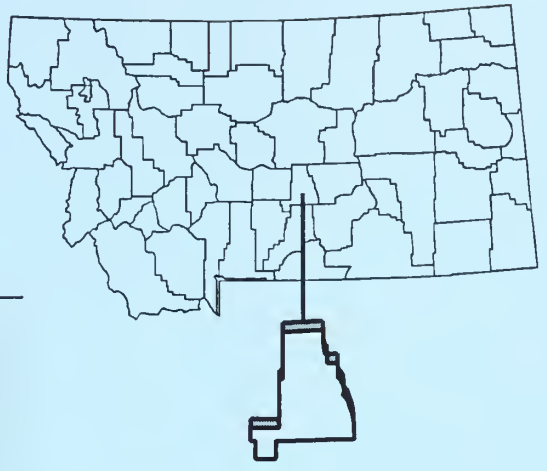
COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Golden Valley

County Seat: Ryegate

Golden Valley County is in central Montana. The population density was 0.8 persons per square mile in 1995, making Golden Valley County a frontier county. The county seat is Ryegate. Golden Valley was probably named to attract settlers to the area. The county was once home to a thriving inland trading post. Today, the major source of income is agriculture. The county is served by a multi-county health department centered in Fergus County.

Health Department:
c/o 1207 2nd St West,
Roundup, MT 59072
323-3337

Demographics		Golden Valley					Montana				
Area (square miles)						1,175					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						980					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	40	130	250	70	490	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	30	110	270	80	480	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	70	250	520	150	980	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						72.5%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$18,062					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						7.7%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		27.5%		41.7%		58.8%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid			Medicare		Medicaid			Medicare	
		6.2%			21.0%		9.0%			14.6%	
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						19					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						14					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						14.3					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						8.2					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		70.0	83.0	76.0	☆	76.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Golden Valley		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	11.1	88.0	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	59.1%☆	45.5%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	13.6%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	4.5%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	22.7 ☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	714.3		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. ☆		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	34.6		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	34.6		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	103.8		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	N.A.		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	0.0		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Golden Valley			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	None			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	None			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	None	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	0.0	0.1	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	0	0	0	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - None; State HPSA; All of County Designated as Medically Underserved					

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COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
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MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

County: Granite

County Seat: Philipsburg

Granite County is in western Montana near the Idaho border. The population density was 1.5 persons per square mile in 1995, making Granite County a frontier county. The county seat is Philipsburg. Granite County was one of the richest gold and silver mining areas in Montana in the mid to late 1800s. Today, the major source of income is the lumber and wood products industry. The county is served by a county health department located in Drumond and a Board of Health that meets monthly.

Health Department:
Box 312, Drummond, MT 59832
288-3627

Demographics		Granite					Montana				
Area (square miles)						1,728					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						2,620					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	80	310	770	220	1,360	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	70	250	720	230	1,260	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	160	560	1,470	430	2,620	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						75.9%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$18,278					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						6.9%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		21.8%		36.5%		54.6%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		7.7%		17.3%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						88					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						11					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						10.7					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						12.6					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		75.0	78.0	76.0	☆	76.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Granite		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	29.6	46.9	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	76.8%☆	66.7%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	7.2%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	5.8%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	14.5 ☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	420.0		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Cancer 2. Heart Disease 3. Cerebrovascular Disease		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	12.7		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	25.4		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	63.6		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	100.0%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	0.0		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Granite			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	None,1MAF; 3 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	1/28 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	2	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	1.0	0.2	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	1	0	1	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - All; State HPSA; All of County Designated as Medically Underserved					

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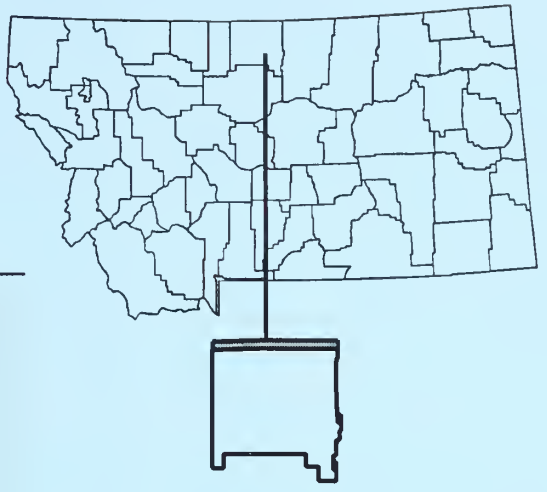
MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Hill

County Seat: Havre

Hill County is in central Montana on the Canadian border. The population density was 6.1 persons per square mile in 1995, making Hill County a rural county. The county seat is Havre. The Rocky Boy Reservation and the largest prehistoric buffalo kill site in the United States are located in Hill County. The county's leading source of income is the railroad transportation industry. The county is served by a county health department located in Havre and a Board of Health that meets quarterly.

Health Department:
315 4th Street, Havre, MT 59501
265-5481

Demographics		Hill					Montana				
Area (square miles)						2,896					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						17,670					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	730	2,330	4,800	920	8,770	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	680	2,220	4,720	1,290	8,900	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	1,410	4,540	9,510	2,210	17,670	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						78.3%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$25,467					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						6.1%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		18.0%		26.8%		36.6%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid			Medicare		Medicaid			Medicare	
		12.6%			14.5%		9.0%			14.6%	
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						520					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						9					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						14.7					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						8.6					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		71.0	78.0	76.0	59.0	74.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Hill		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	64.5	72.5	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	73.1%	54.8%	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	6.9%		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	10.5%		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	10.9		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	481.1		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Accidents		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	30.4		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	22.8		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	87.3		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	75.0%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	106.2		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Hill			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 99 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None, 1 community			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	1 clinic			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	1			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	2/136 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	4	1	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	1	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	1			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	3.1	1.5	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	13	2	0	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - Rocky Boy CCD; State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

County: Jefferson

County Seat: Boulder

Jefferson County is in the central part of western Montana. The population density was 5.6 persons per square mile in 1995, making Jefferson County a frontier county. The county seat is Boulder. Jefferson county is one of Montana's original nine counties. The major source of income in the county is the metal mining industry. The county is served by a county health department with offices in Boulder and Whitehall and a Board of Health that meets monthly.

Health Department:
214 S. Main, Boulder, MT 59632
225-4231

Demographics		Jefferson					Montana				
Area (square miles)						1,657					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						9,240					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	280	1,120	2,880	410	4,700	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	270	1,060	2,790	440	4,540	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	550	2,200	5,660	850	9,240	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						81.4%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$31,400					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						4.7%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		7.4%		15.8%		25.4%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid			Medicare		Medicaid			Medicare	
		6.8%			13.2%		9.0%			14.6%	
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						157					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						6					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						10.0					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						6.8					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		74.0	76.0	75.0	☆	75.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Jefferson		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	34.4	49.2	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	84.7%☆☆	80.2%☆☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	4.2%☆☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	7.6%☆☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	6.9 ☆☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	238.3		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Accidents		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	37.3		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	26.1		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	100.6		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	88.6%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	0.0		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Jefferson			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	None			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	1 rural			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	2/195 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	4	1	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	None	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	1.8	0.1	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	6	5	1	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - None; State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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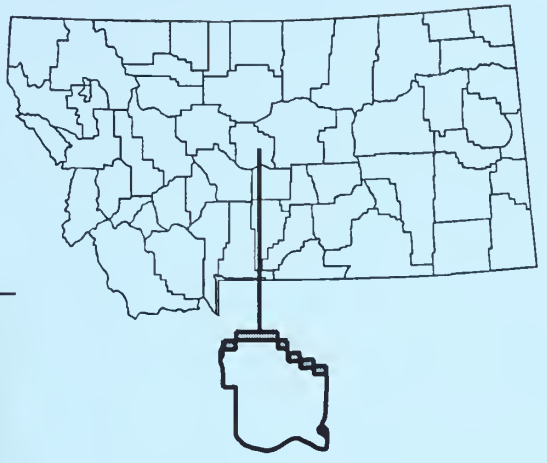
COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Judith Basin

County Seat: Stanford

Judith Basin County is in central Montana. The population density was 1.2 persons per square mile in 1995, making Judith Basin County a frontier county. The county seat is Stanford. The name, Judith Basin, was derived from the Judith River, so named by Captain Clark in 1805. The county was first settled by miners and stockmen, and the leading industry today is agriculture. The county is served by a multi-county health department located in Fergus County.

Health Department:
c/o Judith Basin County Interlocal Coop,
Box 506, Stanford, MT 59479
566-2265

Demographics		Judith Basin					Montana				
Area (square miles)						1,870					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						2,280					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	80	250	630	190	1,160	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	70	230	610	220	1,120	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	150	480	1,250	420	2,280	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						80.3%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$22,578					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						4.5%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		15.2%		29.4%		40.9%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid			Medicare		Medicaid			Medicare	
		5.6%			18.7%		9.0%			14.6%	
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						38					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						13					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						10.1					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						8.8					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		77.0	80.0	77.0	☆	77.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Judith Basin		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	4.5	58.7	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	74.3%☆	71.6%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	2.7%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	2.7%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	0.0 ☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	350.7		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Cancer 2. Heart Disease 3. ☆		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	44.2		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	0.0		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	88.5		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	86.7%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	0.0		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Judith Basin			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	None			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	1 rural			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	None			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	None	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	0.0	0.2	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	0	0	0	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - All; State HPSA; All of County Designated as Medically Underserved					

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COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE

February 1997

MONTANA

Department of Public Health & Human Services

HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

County: Lake

County Seat: Polson

Lake County is in northwestern Montana. The population density was 16.4 persons per square mile in 1995, making Lake County a rural county. The county seat is Polson. The Flathead Reservation, Flathead Lake, St. Ignatius Mission, and the National Bison Range are located in Lake County, which some claim as the most beautiful place in the world. The county's major employer is the retail trade industry. The county is served by a county health department located in Polson and a Board of Health that meets three times per year.

Health Department:
802 Main, Polson, MT 59860
883-7288

Demographics		Lake					Montana				
Area (square miles)						1,494					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						24,480					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total
	Male	860	3,240	6,500	1,610	12,210	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	810	2,900	6,670	1,880	12,270	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	1,670	6,150	13,190	3,480	24,480	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						77.3%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$19,755					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						7.7%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		21.4%		35.6%		50.4%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid			Medicare		Medicaid			Medicare	
		13.0%			16.4%		9.0%			14.6%	
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						719					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						5					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						11.9					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						9.9					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		74.5	77.0	77.0	64.5	76.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Lake		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	52.5	61.7	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	79.1%	80.8%	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	5.6%		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	11.1%		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	20.5		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	478.0		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Accidents		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	60.4		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	12.6		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	105.4		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	80.0%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	56.2		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Lake			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	2 local; 64 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	1 service in Polson		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	1			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	4/216 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	2	1	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	2	1		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	2.1	4.0	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	20	5	2	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - None; No State HPSA; Part of County Designated as Medically Underserved					

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COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

County: Lewis and Clark

County Seat: Helena

Lewis and Clark County is in the center of western Montana. The population density was 15.3 persons per square mile in 1995, making Lewis and Clark County a rural county. The county seat, Helena, is the state capitol, and the county's largest employer is Montana state government. The county is served by a city-county health department located in Helena and a Board of Health that meets quarterly.

Health Department:
1930 9th Ave, Suite 207, Helena, MT 59601
4-HEALTH (443-2584)

Demographics		Lewis and Clark					Montana				
Area (square miles)		3,461					145,556				
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)		52,790					870,270				
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	1,770	6,020	15,480	2,600	25,850	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	1,700	5,740	16,030	3,460	26,940	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	3,470	11,760	31,490	6,050	52,790	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)		87.5%					81.0%				
Median Household Income (1990 Census)		$26,409					$22,988				
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)		5.1%					5.9%				
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		11.8%		21.1%		32.3%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		8.0%		14.0%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)		1,511					28,515				
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)		4					N.A.				
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)		12.7					12.8				
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)		7.7					8.7				
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		71.0	79.0	75.0	70.0	75.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Lewis and Clark		Montana	
Fertility Rates (**Teen** births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; **all** births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	38.8	55.6	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	87.5%	85.7%	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	5.8%		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	8.9%		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	16.5		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	363.7		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	12.9		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	27.7		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	67.6		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	75.7%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	45.7		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Lewis and Clark			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital, 1 child./psych., 1 VA; 121 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None, 2 community			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	1 service in Helena		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	3/279 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	3	13	1	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	2	2		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	2			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	14.4	5.5	1	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	53	12	6	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - Augusta CCD; State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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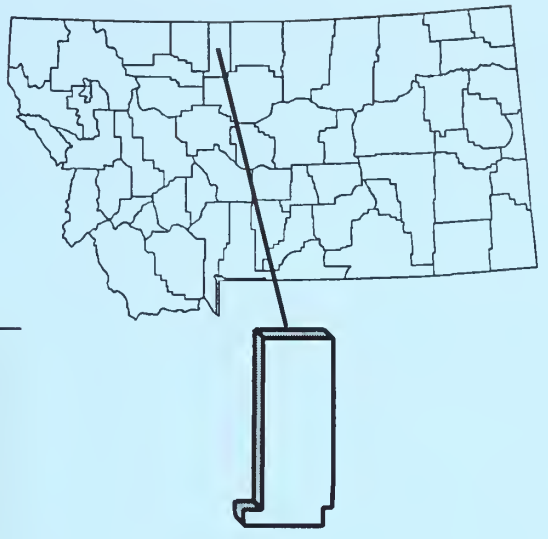
COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Liberty

County Seat: Chester

Liberty County is in north central Montana on the Canadian border. The population density was 1.6 persons per square mile in 1995, making Liberty County a frontier county. The county seat is Chester. Liberty County was created after World War I, and the name reflects the sentiment of the settlers. The county's largest source of income is agriculture. The county is served by a county health department located in Chester.

Health Department:
PO Box 118, Chester, MT 59522
759-5517

Demographics		Liberty					Montana				
Area (square miles)						1,430					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						2,250					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	80	300	570	170	1,100	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	80	270	580	240	1,150	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	160	570	1,130	400	2,250	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						77.2%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$24,969					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						2.5%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		18.0%		34.2%		46.5%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		2.1%		22.0%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						38					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						10					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						9.3					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						9.8					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		76.0	79.5	77.0	☆	77.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Liberty		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	20.8	55.7	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	67.1%☆	61.6%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	9.6%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	11.0%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	13.7☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	578.8		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Accidents		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	74.2		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	14.8		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	103.9		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	100.0%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	0.0		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Liberty			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 11 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	1/47 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	1	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	1	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	0.2	0.1	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	4	0	1	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - None; State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

County: Lincoln

County Seat: Libby

Lincoln County is in the northwestern corner of Montana. The population density was 5.2 persons per square mile in 1995, making Lincoln County a frontier county. The county seat is Libby. Ross Creek is located in Lincoln County, which is the birthplace of Governor Racicot. Previously known for its mining and lumber industry, the county still derives the majority of its income from the lumber and wood products industry. The county is served by a county health department located in Libby and a Board of Health that meets quarterly.

Health Department:
418 Mineral Ave, Libby, MT 59923
293-7781

Demographics		Lincoln					Montana				
Area (square miles)		3,613					145,556				
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)		18,680					870,270				
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	620	2,220	5,380	1,170	9,380	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	570	2,130	5,270	1,330	9,300	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	1,190	4,360	10,660	2,490	18,680	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)		73.3%					81.0%				
Median Household Income (1990 Census)		$20,898					$22,988				
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)		14.5%					5.9%				
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		14.1%		28.2%		45.3%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		13.0%		17.3%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)		520					28,515				
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)		10					N.A.				
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)		11.2					12.8				
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)		8.5					8.7				
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		72.0	77.0	74.0	☆	74.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Lincoln		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	50.3	55.7	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	78.7%	80.0%	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	5.9%		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	6.6%		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	20.8		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	476.5		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	30.7		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	14.5		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	70.5		22.0	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	71.4%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	30.7		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Lincoln			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 26 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	1 rural			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	2/148 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	3	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	2	1		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	1.5	3.0	1	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	9	6	4	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - Eureka and Troy CCDs; State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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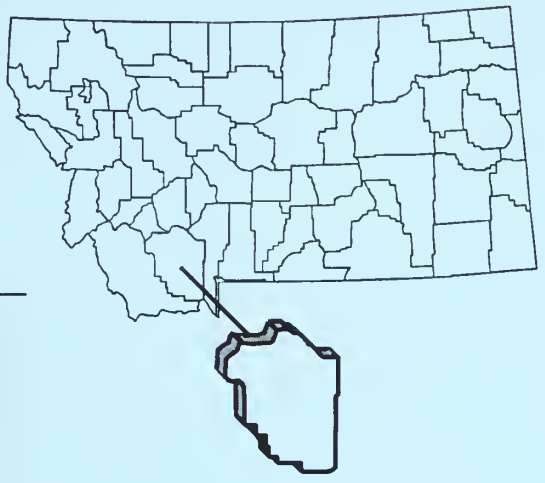
COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Madison

County Seat: Virginia City

Madison County is in southwestern Montana above the Idaho border. The population density was 0.6 persons per square mile in 1995, making Madison County a frontier county. The county seat is Virginia City, which was the second territorial capital. Quake Lake is located in Madison County. The county's largest employer is local government. The county is served by a part time county health nurse.

Health Department:
c/o PO Box 1333, Ennis, MT 59729
682-5000

Demographics		Madison					Montana				
Area (square miles)						3,587					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						6,660					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	200	750	2,080	450	3,450	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	180	640	1,860	540	3,210	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	380	1,390	3,920	990	6,660	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						85.0%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$22,066					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						5.1%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		18.4%		30.2%		42.6%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid			Medicare		Medicaid			Medicare	
		5.4%			17.6%		9.0%			14.6%	
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						214					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						11					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						11.3					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						9.9					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		79.5	80.5	80.0	☆	80.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Madison		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	23.3	53.2	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	79.7%☆	68.3%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	6.9%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	8.4%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	9.9 ☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	240.2		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Cancer 2. Heart Disease 3. COPD		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	20.8		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	26.0		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	83.2		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	94.1%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	5.2		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Madison			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	2 local hospitals; 29 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	2 rural			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	2/79 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	1	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	0.6	1.0	1	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	6	●	0	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - Harrison, Madison Valley & Virginia City CCDs; State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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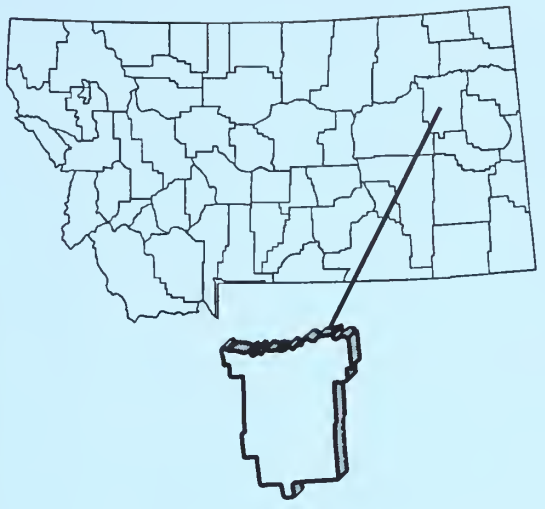
COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: McCone

County Seat: Circle

McCone County is in the north central part of eastern Montana. The population density was 2.5 persons per square mile in 1995, making McCone County a frontier county. The county seat is Circle. McCone County has been home to some of the largest cattle ranches in the state, running as many as 100,000 cattle. The county's major source of income is still agriculture. The county is served by a part- time county health nurse located in Circle and a Board of Health that meets quarterly.

Health Department:
PO Box 47, 305 Meridian, Circle, MT 59215
485-2444

Demographics		McCone					Montana				
Area (square miles)		2,643					145,556				
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)		2,120					870,270				
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	70	270	570	170	1,070	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	60	240	550	210	1,050	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	130	500	1,120	380	2,120	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)		79.5%					81.0%				
Median Household Income (1990 Census)		$20,487					$22,988				
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)		3.1%					5.9%				
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		18.6%		33.0%		50.9%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		4.4%		19.6%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)		42					28,515				
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)		15					N.A.				
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)		9.0					12.8				
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)		9.9					8.7				
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		67.0	85.0	77.0	☆	77.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	McCone		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	12.5	55.9	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	78.8%☆	56.1%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	3.0%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	10.6%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	15.2 ☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	471.5		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	15.7		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	15.7		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	78.4		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	100.0%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	15.7		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	McCone			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	None,1 MAF; 2 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	1/38 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	None	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	0.5	0.1	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	1	0	1	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - All; State HPSA; Part of County Designated as Medically Underserved					

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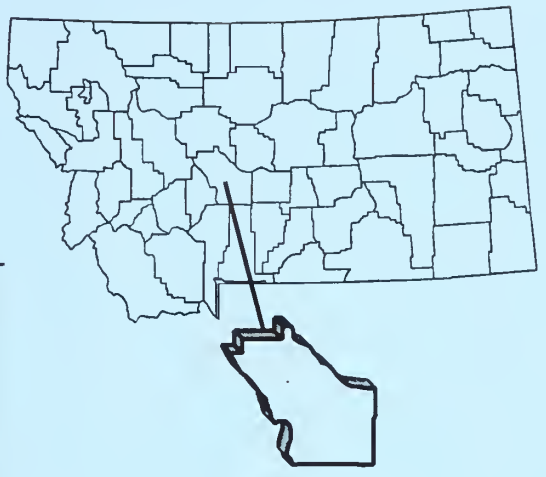
COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Meagher

County Seat: White Sulphur Springs

Meagher County is in southwest Montana near the center of the state. The population density was 0.8 persons per square mile in 1995, making Meagher County a frontier county. The county seat is White Sulphur Springs. Meagher County is the home of "The Castle" - a museum, once a rancher's home, that overlooks the valley. The largest income source in the county is agriculture. The county is served by a county health department located in White Sulphur springs and a Board of Health that meets quarterly.

Health Department:
PO Box 514
White Sulphur Springs, MT 59645
547-3752

Demographics		Meagher					Montana				
Area (square miles)		2,392					145,556				
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)		1,830					870,270				
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	60	220	510	160	950	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	50	190	490	170	880	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	110	400	1,010	320	1,830	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)		73.8%					81.0%				
Median Household Income (1990 Census)		$18,936					$22,988				
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)		6.1%					5.9%				
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%	150%	200%			100%	150%	200%		
		20.1%	39.9%	53.6%			16.1%	27.5%	39.9%		
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid	Medicare				Medicaid	Medicare			
		7.5%	20.2%				9.0%	14.6%			
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)		53					28,515				
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)		11					N.A.				
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)		12.0					12.8				
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)		11.5					8.7				
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		74.0	82.0	77.0	☆	77.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Meagher		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	26.3	74.5	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	73.4%☆	59.5%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	10.1%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	7.6%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	12.7 ☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	657.2		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Cancer 2. Heart Disease 3. COPD		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	0.0		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	54.6		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	72.9		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	100.0%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	18.2		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Meagher			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	None,1 MAF; 6 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	1 rural			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	1/31 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	None	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	0.5	0.2	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	3	0	1	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - None; State HPSA; All of County Designated as Medically Underserved					

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COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

County: Mineral

County Seat: Superior

Mineral County is in western Montana on the Idaho border. The population density was 3 persons per square mile in 1995, making Mineral County a frontier county. The county seat is Superior. Mineral County was a major travel route because of its topography. Today, the largest sources of income are state and local government. The county is served by a county health department located in Superior and a Board of Health that meets four to six times per year.

Health Department:
PO Box 488, Superior, MT 59872
822-3321

Demographics		Mineral					Montana				
Area (square miles)						1,220					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						3,630					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	120	410	1,070	230	1,820	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	110	440	1,030	260	1,800	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	230	850	2,090	470	3,630	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						74.1%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$20,938					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						13.5%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		17.6%		29.2%		44.9%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		12.6%		18.5%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						91					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						11					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						10.2					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						8.8					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		69.0	79.0	75.0	☆	75.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Mineral		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	45.2	56.0	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	73.8%☆	63.9%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	6.6%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	6.6%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	8.2 ☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	386.1		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Accidents		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	46.0		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	36.8		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	137.9		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	84.6%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	18.4		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Mineral			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 10 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	1/20 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	1	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	None	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	1.4	0.5	1	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	2	0	0	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - None; No State HPSA; All of County Designated as Medically Underserved					

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COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

County: Missoula

County Seat: Missoula

Missoula County is in western Montana near the Idaho border. The population density was 33.5 persons per square mile in 1995, making Missoula County a rural county. The county seat is Missoula. The University of Montana and Montana's Vietnam Veterans' Memorial are located in Missoula County, as is the Smokejumpers Base. The county is the birthplace of Jeanette Rankin. The leading industry is retail trade. The county is served by a city-county health department located in Missoula and a Board of Health.

Health Department:
301 W Alder St, Missoula, MT 59802
523-4745

Demographics		Missoula					Montana				
Area (square miles)						2,598					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						87,130					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	3,070	9,870	26,340	3,630	42,890	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	3,000	9,510	26,470	5,270	44,240	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	6,070	19,390	52,780	8,900	87,130	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						85.4%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$23,388					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						5.2%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		17.0%		26.7%		37.4%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid			Medicare		Medicaid			Medicare	
		8.9%			12.5%		9.0%			14.6%	
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						2,746					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						4					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						12.7					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						6.8					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		73.0	80.0	77.0	59.5	77.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Missoula		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	30.7	50.6	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	86.0%	77.8%	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	6.0%		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	6.2%		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	14.4		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	348.9		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	14.8		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	21.4		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	60.2		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	78.8%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	39.3		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Missoula			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	2 local hospitals; 336 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None, 1 community			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	3 services in Missoula		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	6/410 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	8	9	6	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	1	2		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	1			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	16.6	14.0	2	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	82	28	8	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - None; No State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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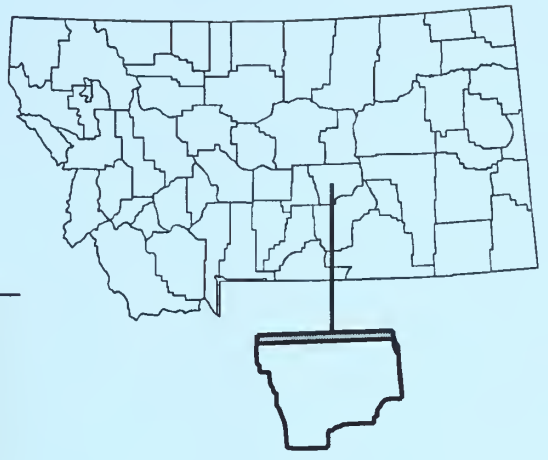
COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Musselshell

County Seat: Roundup

Musselshell County is in central Montana. The population density was 2.4 persons per square mile in 1995, making Musselshell County a frontier county. The county seat is Roundup. Musselshell County's permanent settlement didn't begin until the 1880s when cattlemen settled along the streams. Today, the county's major source of income is retail trade. The county is served by a multi-county health department located in Fergus County.

Health Department:
1207 2nd St West, Roundup, MT 59072
323-3337

Demographics		Musselshell					Montana				
Area (square miles)						1,867					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						4,490					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	120	490	1,260	390	2,250	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	110	430	1,220	480	2,240	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	230	910	2,500	860	4,490	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						70.8%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$16,661					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						8.5%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		23.3%		39.4%		54.1%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		9.3%		20.7%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						207					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						12					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						13.1					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						13.6					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		72.0	78.0	75.0	☆	75.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Musselshell		Montana	
Fertility Rates (**Teen** births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; **all** births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	42.2	60.7	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	72.1%☆	67.3%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	10.2%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	3.4%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	6.8 ☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	578.9		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. COPD		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	15.2		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	22.9		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	61.0		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	61.5%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	0.0		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Musselshell			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 17 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	1 rural			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	1/37 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	1	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	None	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	0.0	0.2	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	1	0	1	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - All; State HPSA; All of County Designated as Medically Underserved					

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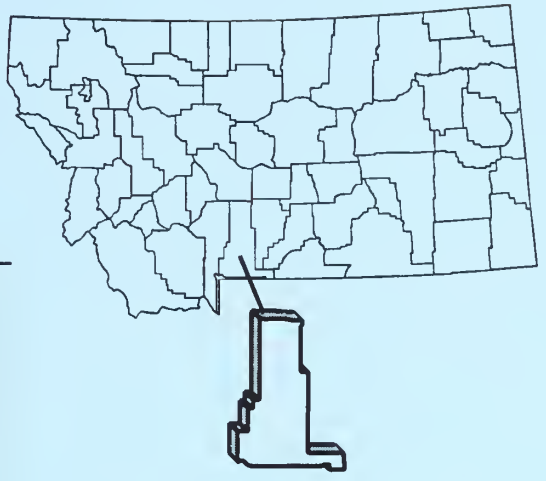

County: Park

County Seat: Livingston

Park County is in western Montana bordering Yellowstone Park. The population density was 6 persons per square mile in 1995, making Park County a rural county. The county seat is Livingston. The only winter entrance into Yellowstone Park is located Park County, as is the restored, 1902 Northern Pacific Railstation, which offers historic and artistic views of the park. The major source of income is retail trade. The county is served by a county health department located in Livingston and a Board of Health that meets quarterly.

Health Department:
414 E Callender, Livingston, MT 59047
222-4140

Demographics		Park					Montana				
Area (square miles)		2,656					145,556				
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)		15,910					870,270				
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	570	1,710	4,520	980	7,770	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	530	1,590	4,700	1,300	8,140	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	1,100	3,300	9,220	2,280	15,910	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)		81.8%					81.0%				
Median Household Income (1990 Census)		$22,658					$22,988				
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)		4.6%					5.9%				
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		15.2%		26.1%		41.6%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		6.6%		17.4%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)		559					28,515				
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)		6					N.A.				
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)		12.4					12.8				
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)		10.2					8.7				
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		76.0	81.0	79.0	☆	79.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Park		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	35.1	56.0	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	83.8%	75.6%	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	5.0%		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	7.9%		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	10.8		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	377.1		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. COPD		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	21.3		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	23.4		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	68.1		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	72.7%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	25.5		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Park			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 45 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Partial	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	1/125 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	2	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	1	1		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	1.2	1.4	1	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	11	2	5	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - Gardiner-Cooke CCD & Yellowstone Park; State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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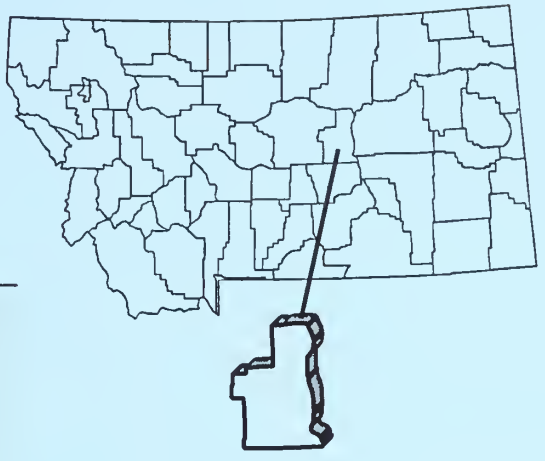

County: Petroleum

County Seat: Winnett

Petroleum County is in east central Montana. The population density was 0.3 persons per square mile in 1995, making Petroleum County a frontier county. The county seat is Winnett. The War Horse National Wildlife Refuge is located in Petroleum County. The county's major source of income is agriculture. The county is served by a multi-county health department located in Fergus County.

Health Department:
c/o 1207 2nd St West, Roundup, MT 59072
323-3337

Demographics		Petroleum					Montana				
Area (square miles)						1,654					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						530					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total
	Male	20	60	170	50	280	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	20	60	150	50	250	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	40	100	310	80	530	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						81.9%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$19,219					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						4.5%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		25.6%		33.7%		51.1%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		5.7%		18.1%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						14					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						15					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						7.5					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						7.5					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		83.0	75.0	76.0	☆	76.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Petroleum		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	33.3	53.6	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	73.3%☆	53.3%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	0.0%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	0.0%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	0.0 ☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	1,138.5		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. ☆		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	0.0		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	63.3		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	63.3		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	N.A.		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	0.0		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Petroleum			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	None			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	None			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	None	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	0.0	0.1	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	0	0	0	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - None; State HPSA; All of County Designated as Medically Underserved					

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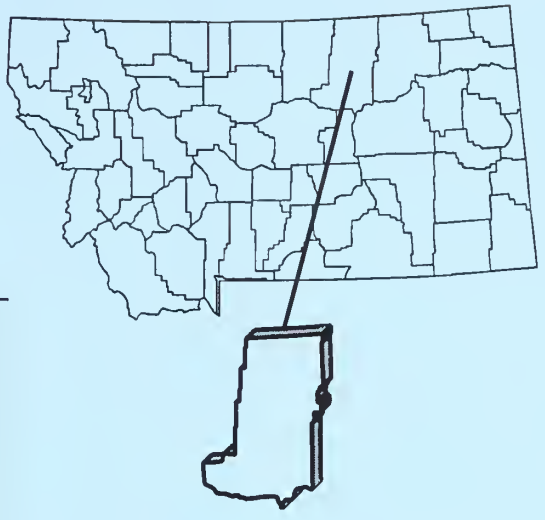

County: Phillips

County Seat: Malta

Phillips County is in northeastern Montana on the Canadian border. The population density was 1 persons per square mile in 1995, making Phillips County a frontier county. The county seat is Malta. Phillips County scenes are featured in a number of Charlie Russell paintings. The county's major source of income is State and local government. The county is served by a county health department located in Malta and a Board of Health that meets quarterly.

Health Department:
PO Box 309, Malta, MT 59538
654-2521

Demographics		Phillips					Montana				
Area (square miles)						5,140					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						5,150					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	190	620	1,360	380	2,530	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	180	630	1,350	470	2,620	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	370	1,250	2,690	850	5,150	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						74.1%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$22,245					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						6.1%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		17.3%		26.6%		41.4%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid			Medicare		Medicaid			Medicare	
		8.1%			18.3%		9.0%			14.6%	
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						137					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						12					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						12.8					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						10.1					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		76.0	80.5	78.0	☆	78.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Phillips		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	33.3	67.3	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	77.0%☆	54.5%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	2.5%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	10.0%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	10.0 ☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	543.6		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. ☆		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	6.6		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	13.2		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	39.5		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	100.0%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	6.6		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Phillips			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 21 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	1 rural			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	1/54 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	1	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	1.0	1.0	1	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	2	0	2	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - All; State HPSA; Part of County Designated as Medically Underserved					

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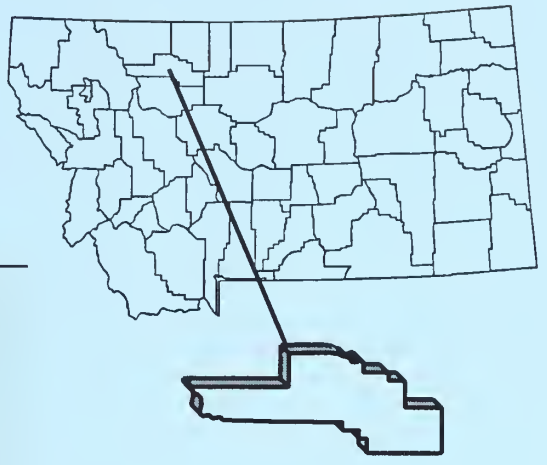
COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Pondera

County Seat: Conrad

Pondera County is in northcentral Montana near Canada. The population density was 3.9 persons per square mile in 1995, making Pondera County a frontier county. The county seat is Conrad. "Pondera" is an Americanized spelling of the French "pend oreille" - meaning "ear lobe" - used in many Montana and Idaho place names. The county's principal industry is agriculture. The county is served by a county health department located in Conrad and a Board of Health that meets two to four times per year.

Health Department:
809 Sunset Blvd, Conrad, MT 59425
278-3247

Demographics		Pondera					Montana				
Area (square miles)						1,625					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						6,280					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	230	800	1,590	470	3,100	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	220	740	1,590	630	3,170	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	450	1,540	3,190	1,090	6,280	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						73.8%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$23,533					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						4.4%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		17.5%		30.3%		44.2%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		11.1%		20.1%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						142					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						9					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						15.0					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						10.7					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		76.5	83.0	81.0	☆	80.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Pondera		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	40.6	68.3	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	80.1%☆	63.9%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	6.6%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	8.3%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	16.6 ☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	605.7		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Cancer 2. Heart Disease 3. Cerebrovascular Disease		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	10.7		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	10.7		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	42.9		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	100.0%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	16.1		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Pondera			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 20 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	1 clinic			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	1/67 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	1	1		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	0.5	0.5	1	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	3	1	3	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - All; State HPSA; Part of County Designated as Medically Underserved					

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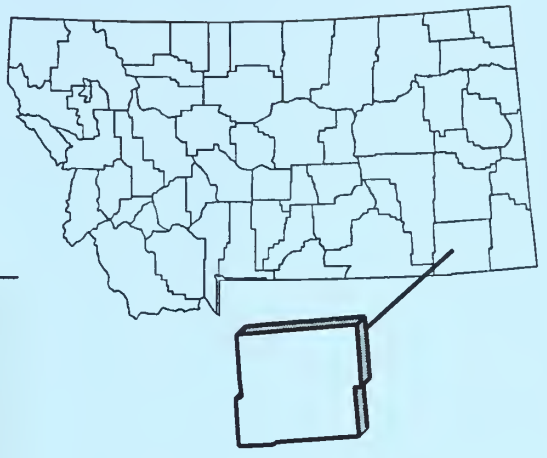
COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Powder River

County Seat: Broadus

Powder River County is in southeastern Montana on the Wyoming border. The population density was 0.6 persons per square mile in 1995, making Powder River County a frontier county. The county seat is Broadus. Powder River County was so named because of the gunpowder-colored sand along the river's banks. The county's leading industry is agriculture. The county is served by a county health department located in Broadus.

Health Department:
PO Box 325, Broadus, MT 59317
436-2297

Demographics		Powder River					Montana				
Area (square miles)						3,297					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						2,010					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	60	220	550	190	1,020	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	60	200	540	200	1,000	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	120	420	1,090	400	2,010	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						75.1%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$22,354					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						2.4%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		18.3%		30.7%		41.4%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		4.2%		15.3%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						49					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						14					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						12.9					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						7.5					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		76.5	83.5	79.0	☆	79.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Powder River		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	52.6	75.7	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	78.6%☆	71.4%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	6.0%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	28.6%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	0.0 ☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	248.6		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	16.6		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	16.6		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	33.1		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	83.3%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	16.6		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Powder River			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	None			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	1 rural			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	1/39 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	None	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	1.0	0.1	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	0	0	1	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - All; State HPSA; All of County Designated as Medically Underserved					

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MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

County: Powell

County Seat: Deer Lodge

Powell County is in the central part of western Montana. The population density was 2.9 persons per square mile in 1995, making Powell County a frontier county. The county seat is Deer Lodge. The Old Montana Prison and the Towe Ford Museum are located in Powell County. The primary source of income to the county is from State and local government. The county is served by a county health department located in Deer Lodge and a Board of Health that meets monthly.

Health Department:
306 Milwaukee,PO Box 716
Deer Lodge, MT 59722
846-2420

Demographics		Powell					Montana				
Area (square miles)						2,326					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						6,860					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	190	630	2,800	420	4,020	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	170	550	1,620	490	2,840	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	350	1,180	4,420	910	6,860	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						76.5%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$21,621					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						8.0%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		16.9%		28.3%		45.1%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		7.7%		16.9%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						171					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						8					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						12.0					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						12.2					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		73.5	80.0	76.0	☆	76.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Powell		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	62.3	72.3	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	75.9%☆	65.5%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	3.4%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	8.2%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	8.6 ☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	379.1		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. COPD		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	29.3		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	24.4		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	102.6		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	79.0%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	34.2		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Powell			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 19 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	2/76 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	2	1		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	0.5	0.2	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	5	1	0	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - All and MT Prison (facility); State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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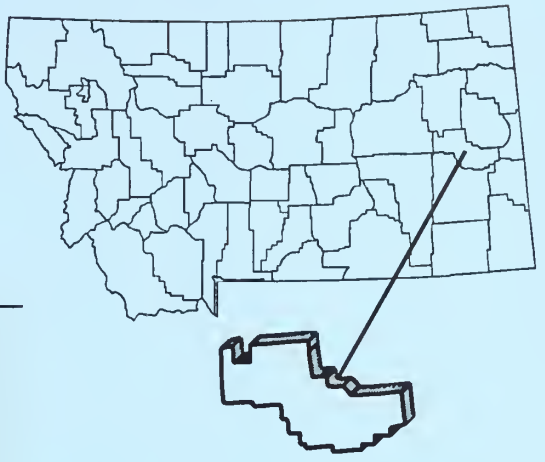
COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Prairie

County Seat: Terry

Prairie County is in eastern Montana near the North Dakota border. The population density was 0.8 persons per square mile in 1995, making Prairie County a frontier county. Prairie County was home to Crow Tribes prior to the arrival of the white population. Today, the county's primary source of income is agriculture. The county is served by a county health department located in Terry.

Health Department:
Box 182, Terry MT 59349
637-5364

Demographics		Prairie					Montana				
Area (square miles)						1,737					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						1,340					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total
	Male	30	150	370	150	700	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	30	120	340	160	640	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	60	280	700	310	1,340	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						71.1%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$16,694					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						4.6%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		15.3%		34.4%		53.2%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid			Medicare		Medicaid			Medicare	
		5.6%			27.2%		9.0%			14.6%	
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						61					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						13					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						6.7					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						6.0					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		76.5	87.0	78.0	☆	78.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Prairie		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	20.0	51.5	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	79.4%☆	76.5%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	11.8%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	44.1%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	0.0☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	447.1		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	0.0		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	0.0		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	24.8		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	100.0%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	74.4		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Prairie			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	None,1MAF; 2 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	1/19 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	None	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	0.6	0.2	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	0	0	1	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - All; State HPSA; All of County Designated as Medically Underserved					

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MONTANA
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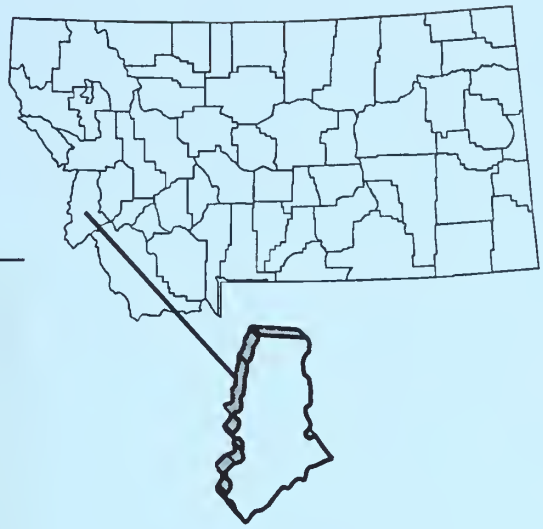

County: Ravalli

County Seat: Hamilton

Ravalli County is in western Montana on the Idaho border. The population density was 13.5 persons per square mile in 1995, making Ravalli County a rural county. The county seat is Hamilton. The Bitterroot Valley and Mountain Range are located in Ravalli County, as well as the Rocky Mountain Lab, which developed the Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever vaccine. The county's leading income source is retail trade. The county is served by a county health department located in Hamilton and a Board of Health that meets quarterly.

Health Department:
Courthouse Box 5018, Hamilton, MT 59840
363-3223

Demographics		Ravalli					Montana				
Area (square miles)						2,394					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						32,230					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total
	Male	970	3,850	8,890	2,200	15,920	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	960	3,560	9,200	2,600	16,310	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	1,940	7,410	18,080	4,800	32,230	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						79.1%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$21,113					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						6.5%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		16.3%		31.3%		44.5%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		7.4%		18.2%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						1,312					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						6					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						11.1					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						9.4					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		76.0	80.0	78.0	☆	78.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Ravalli		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	37.0	58.1	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	81.9%	70.0%	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	6.8%		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	4.9%		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	17.2		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	449.9		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	22.9		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	27.2		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	71.8		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	73.2%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	27.2		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Ravalli			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 48 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	1 services in Hamilton		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	3/194 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	4	3	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	2	1		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	4.0	3.0	1	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	15	8	1	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - None; State HPSA; Part of County Designated as Medically Underserved					

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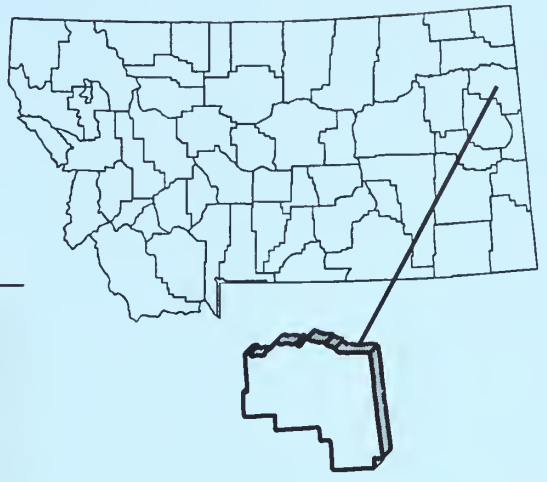

County: Richland

County Seat: Sidney

Richland County is in northeastern Montana on the North Dakota border. The population density was 5 persons per square mile in 1995, making Richland County a frontier county. The county seat is Sidney. Richland County is home to Fort Union, which was one of the most important trading posts and the gateway to northern Montana. Today, the leading source of income is agriculture. The county is served by a county health department located in Sidney and a Board of Health.

Health Department:
221 5th St SW, Sidney, MT 59270
482-2207

Demographics		Richland					Montana				
Area (square miles)						2,064					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						10,350					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total
	Male	390	1,300	2,750	680	5,110	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	370	1,260	2,760	850	5,240	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	760	2,560	5,490	1,540	10,350	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						75.5%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$23,264					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						5.8%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		14.0%		27.1%		42.3%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid			Medicare		Medicaid			Medicare	
		8.2%			17.2%		9.0%			14.6%	
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						298					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						11					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						10.4					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						9.2					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		75.0	81.0	78.0	☆	78.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Richland		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	38.3	54.3	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	81.1%☆☆	58.6%☆☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	7.7%☆☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	10.3%☆☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	20.0 ☆☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	376.8		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	32.2		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	6.4		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	58.0		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	87.8%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	45.1		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Richland			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 42 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	1 rural			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	1/93 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	1	1		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	2.4	0.9	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	7	1	1	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - Fairview CCD; State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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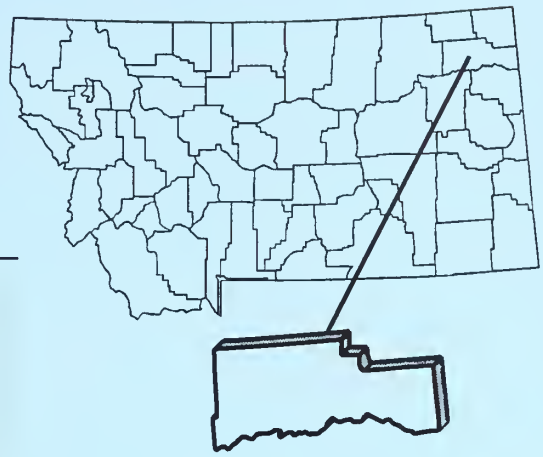

County: Roosevelt

County Seat: Wolf Point

Roosevelt County is in northeastern Montana on the North Dakota border. The population density was 4.8 persons per square mile in 1995, making Roosevelt County a frontier county. The county seat is Wolf Point. The Wildhorse stampede of 1901 took place in Roosevelt County. The Fort Peck Reservation is located principally in Roosevelt County. The major source of income is local government. The county is served by a county health department located in Wolf Point and a Board of Health that meets twice a year.

Health Department:
400 2nd Ave S., Wolf Point, MT 59201
653-1590

Demographics		Roosevelt					Montana				
Area (square miles)						2,356					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						11,240					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	570	1,540	2,870	510	5,480	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	530	1,580	2,960	680	5,770	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	1,100	3,120	5,840	1,190	11,240	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						70.1%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$19,445					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						10.1%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		27.7%		41.9%		54.5%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		24.8%		13.2%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						464					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						9					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						18.1					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						9.3					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		70.0	76.0	79.0	56.0	73.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Roosevelt		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	112.3	89.9	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	66.8%	48.4%	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	4.0%		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	10.7%		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	13.9		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	338.0		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Accidents		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	50.9		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	6.0		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	137.8		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	100.0%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	101.8		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Roosevelt			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	2 local hospitals,1 MAF; 45 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	3 rural			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	No	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	2 clinics			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	3/119 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	1	None	1	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	2	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	1.0	0.4	2	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	7	5	3	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - Ft. Peck Res. & East Roosevelt CCDs; State HPSA; All of County Designated as Medically Underserved					

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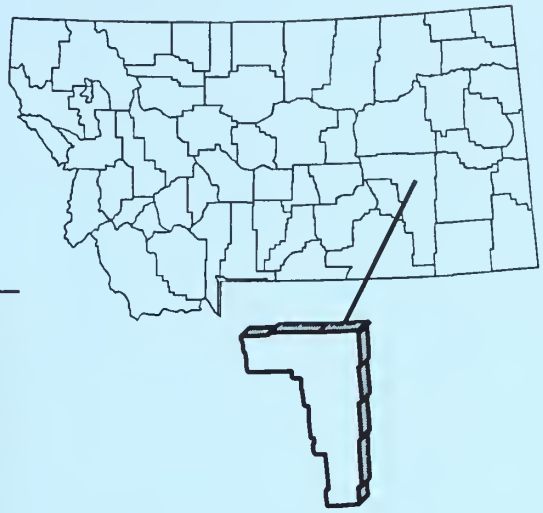
COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Rosebud

County Seat: Forsyth

Rosebud County is in southeastern Montana near the Wyoming border. The population density was 2.2 persons per square mile in 1995, making Rosebud County a frontier county. The county seat is Forsyth. The Northern Chyenne Reservation is located in Rosebud County. The county's leading source of income is the electric, gas, and sanitary services industry. The county is served by a county health department located in Forsyth and a Board of Health.

Health Department:
Box 388, Forsyth, MT 59327
356-2156

Demographics		Rosebud					Montana				
Area (square miles)		5,012					145,556				
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)		10,880					870,270				
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total
	Male	460	1,670	3,090	340	5,550	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	440	1,560	2,930	400	5,330	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	890	3,230	6,030	740	10,880	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)		78.3%					81.0%				
Median Household Income (1990 Census)		$27,192					$22,988				
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)		8.9%					5.9%				
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		20.4%		32.0%		41.3%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		12.2%		9.1%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)		261					28,515				
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)		7					N.A.				
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)		17.3					12.8				
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)		6.4					8.7				
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		63.0	74.0	73.5	50.5	68.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Rosebud		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	62.3	69.9	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	70.6%	54.0%	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	6.4%		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	20.1%		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	17.4		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	284.9		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Cancer 2. Heart Disease 3. Accidents		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	40.1		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	12.3		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	86.4		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	90.3%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	98.8		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Rosebud			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 20 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	1 clinic			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	1/55 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	None	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	1.3	1.0	2	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	3	0	2	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - All; State HPSA; All of County Designated as Medically Underserved					

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COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
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MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

County: Sanders

County Seat: Thompson Falls

Sanders County is in northwestern Montana on the Idaho border. The population density was 3.7 persons per square mile in 1995, making Sanders County a frontier county. The county seat is Thompson Falls. Sanders County housed the Saleesh House trading post and fort, which were part of the Northwest Fur Company network. The county's major source of income today is the lumber and wood products industry. The county is served by a county health department located in Thompson Falls and a Board of Health that meets six times per year.

Health Department:
Box 519, Thompson Falls, MT 59873
827-4397

Demographics		Sanders					Montana				
Area (square miles)						2,762					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						10,090					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	320	1,210	2,830	750	5,100	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	310	1,120	2,760	800	4,990	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	640	2,330	5,570	1,560	10,090	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						75.2%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$18,616					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						14.4%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		19.6%		36.8%		51.0%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		10.1%		19.2%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						415					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						12					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						11.1					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						9.5					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		76.0	77.0	77.0	58.0	76.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Sanders		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	47.1	51.5	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	72.1%☆☆	58.2%☆☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	7.0%☆☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	5.9%☆☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	7.0 ☆☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	337.0		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Accidents		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	44.7		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	24.1		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	110.1		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	50.0%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	24.1		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Sanders			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 16 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	2 rural			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	2/92 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	1	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	1	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	1.0	0.8	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	9	1	2	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - All; State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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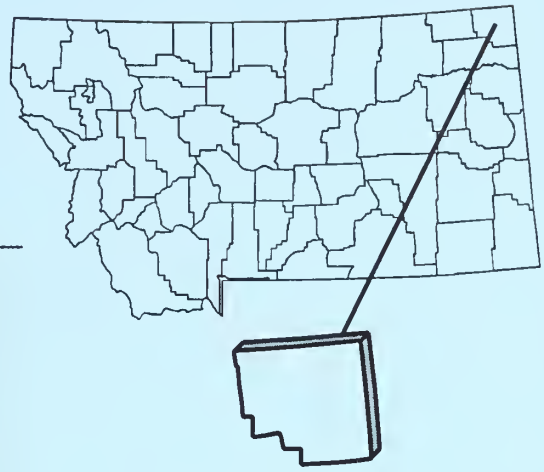

County: Sheridan

County Seat: Plentywood

Sheridan County is in the northeast corner of Montana. The population density was 2.6 persons per square mile in 1995, making Sheridan County a frontier county. The county seat is Plentywood. Exotic Animal Farms, which include ostriches, elands and Tennessee fainting goats, are located in Sheridan County which is also known for the Hot balloon rally. The major industry is agriculture. The county is served by a county health department located in Plentywood and a Board of Health that meets quarterly.

Health Department:
100 W Laurel Ave,
Plentywood, MT 59254
765-2310

Demographics		Sheridan					Montana				
Area (square miles)						1,677					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						4,430					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	130	470	1,110	470	2,180	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	130	460	1,100	560	2,250	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	260	920	2,210	1,030	4,430	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						74.4%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$20,728					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						2.9%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		16.2%		32.9%		44.9%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		4.6%		26.2%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						160					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						11					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						9.9					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						10.6					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		76.0	82.0	79.0	☆	79.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Sheridan		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	28.6	53.5	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	83.5%☆	71.9%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	7.4%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	7.4%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	8.3 ☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	428.8		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. ☆		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	7.5		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	22.5		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	45.1		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	100.0%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	15.0		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Sheridan			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 19 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	No	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	1/78 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	1	None	1	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	1	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	1.0	0.4	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	2	0	1	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - Medicine Lake CCD; State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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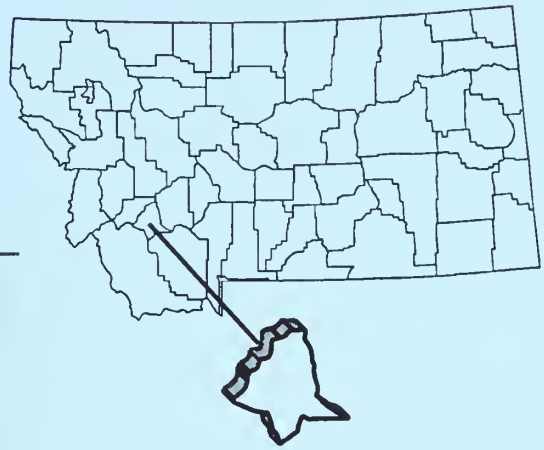

County: Silver Bow

County Seat: Butte

Silver Bow County is in the central part of southwestern Montana. The population density was 48.4 persons per square mile in 1995, making Silver Bow County a rural county. The county seat is Butte. The World Museum of Mining is located in Silver Bow County, as is Our Lady of the Rockies, a 90 foot tall statue overlooking Butte. The county's major income source is retail trade. The county is served by Butte-Silver Bow health department located in Butte and a Board of Health that meets ten times per year.

Health Department:
25 W Front St, Butte, MT 59701
723-6507

Demographics		Silver Bow					Montana				
Area (square miles)						718					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						34,790					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	1,220	3,650	9,890	2,370	17,140	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	1,150	3,420	9,680	3,430	17,660	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	2,360	7,070	19,570	5,790	34,790	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						78.2%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$21,216					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						5.8%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		14.7%		25.1%		36.6%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		12.1%		20.3%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						1,873					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						4					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						11.8					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						13.5					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		74.0	80.0	77.0	☆	77.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Silver Bow		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	60.3	62.2	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	79.0%	68.1%	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	7.7%		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	5.7%		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	13.0		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	100.6		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. COPD		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	24.9		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	32.6		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	102.7		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	79.0%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	51.8		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Silver Bow			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	2 local hospitals; 188 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None, 2 community			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	4/401 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	2	4	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	3	1		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	2			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	4.0	4.0	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	34	4	3	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - see MUP; No State HPSA; All of County Designated as Medically Underserved					

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COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
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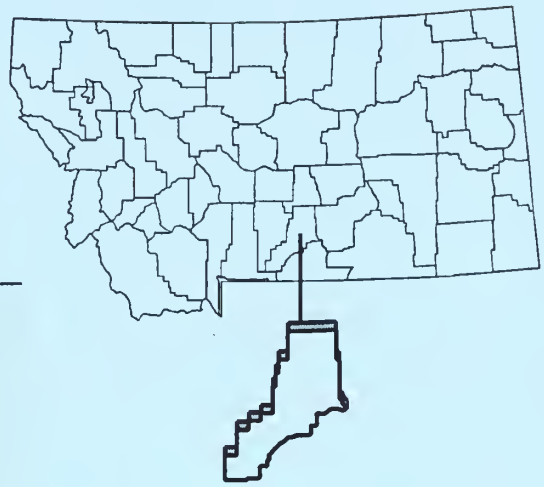
MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Stillwater

County Seat: Columbus

Stillwater County is in central Montana near the Wyoming border. The population density was 4.2 persons per square mile in 1995, making Stillwater County a frontier county. The county seat is Columbus. Stillwater County is the birthplace of Chet Huntley. The major source of income to the county is agriculture. The county is served by a county health department located in Columbus.

Health Department:
Box 509,Big Timber, MT 59011
322-4542

Demographics		Stillwater					Montana				
Area (square miles)						1,795					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						7,460					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	250	890	2,130	500	3,730	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	240	830	2,040	610	3,730	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	490	1,710	4,160	1,100	7,460	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						78.2%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$23,582					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						5.1%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		10.6%		19.8%		34.2%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		5.0%		16.8%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						139					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						8					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						11.1					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						9.9					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		75.5	80.5	78.0	☆	78.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Stillwater		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	36.2	61.4	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	85.3%☆☆	75.7%☆☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	5.0%☆☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	3.9%☆☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	11.6 ☆☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	254.5		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Cancer 2. Heart Disease 3. Cerebrovascular Disease		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	23.1		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	13.8		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	64.5		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	100.0%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	9.2		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Stillwater			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 14 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	2/91 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	1	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	2	1		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	0.5	0.6	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	4	1	1	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - None; State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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MONTANA
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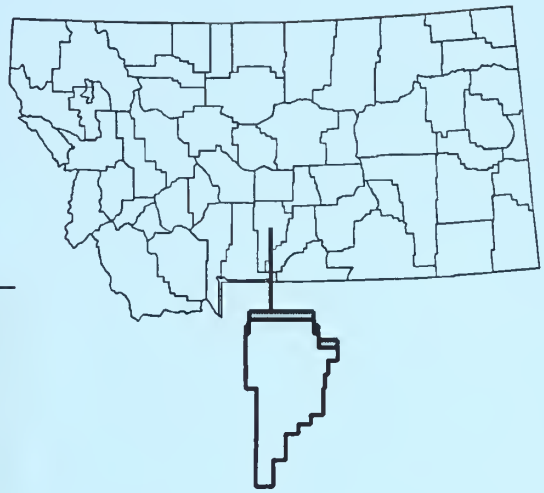
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Sweet Grass

County Seat: Big Timber

Sweet Grass County is in central Montana near the Wyoming border. The population density was 1.8 persons per square mile in 1995, making Sweet Grass County a frontier county. The county seat is Big Timber. The Natural Bridge is located in Sweet Grass County. The county's major industry is agriculture. The county is served by a county health department located in Big Timber.

Health Department:
PO Box 1067,Big Timber, MT 59011
932-5449

Demographics		Sweet Grass					Montana				
Area (square miles)						1,855					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						3,370					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total
	Male	100	370	910	290	1,650	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	100	380	860	380	1,720	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	200	750	1,780	660	3,370	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						78.9%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$20,867					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						3.7%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		10.4%		26.5%		40.7%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid			Medicare		Medicaid			Medicare	
		5.3%			20.8%		9.0%			14.6%	
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						165					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						10					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						9.8					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						9.8					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		75.0	82.0	80.0	☆	80.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Sweet Grass		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	37.1	57.9	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	87.4%☆	75.7%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	3.9%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	6.8%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	19.4☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	444.6		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	10.1		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	0.0		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	20.3		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	66.7%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	0.0		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Sweet Grass			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	None,1 MAF; 8 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	1/52 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	1	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	None	1		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	0.2	0.4	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	1	2	1	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - All; State HPSA; Part of County Designated as Medically Underserved					

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MONTANA
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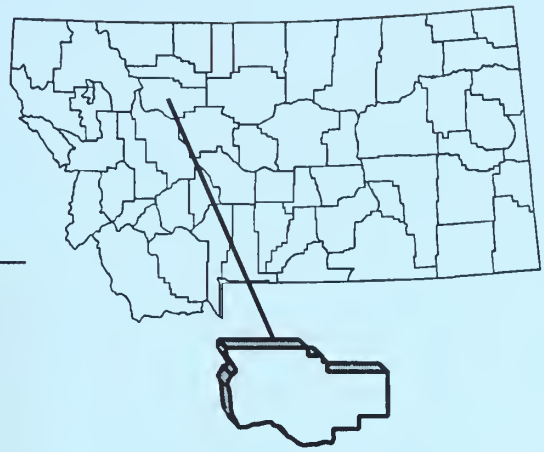

County: Teton

County Seat: Choteau

Teton County is in the central part of northwestern Montana. The population density was 2.8 persons per square mile in 1995, making Teton County a frontier county. The county seat is Choteau. The Egg Mountain dinosaur dig is located in Teton County. The major source of income for the county is agriculture. The county is served by a county health department located in Choteau and a Board of Health that meets quarterly.

Health Department:
PO Box 700, 915 4th St NW, Choteau, MT 59422, 466-2562

Demographics		Teton					Montana				
Area (square miles)						2,273					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						6,370					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total
	Male	250	800	1,660	470	3,180	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	240	760	1,620	570	3,190	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	490	1,550	3,280	1,060	6,370	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						76.9%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$22,072					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						3.4%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		16.9%		31.2%		45.0%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		5.6%		19.1%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						134					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						11					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						13.2					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						11.6					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		79.0	83.5	80.0	☆	80.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Teton		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	24.4	65.8	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	72.5%☆	65.2%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	6.4%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	8.6%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	17.2☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	376.7		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. COPD		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	41.9		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	31.4		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	104.7		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	100.0%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	10.5		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Teton			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	None,1 MAF; 4 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	2/83 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	None	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	1.5	0.5	1	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	2	2	0	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - Chouteau and Faifield CCD; State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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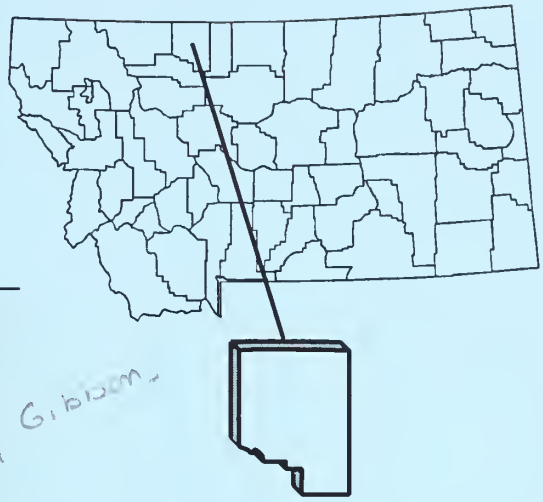
COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Toole

County Seat: Shelby

Toole County is in northwestern Montana on the Canadian border. The population density was 2.7 persons per square mile in 1995, making Toole County a frontier county. The county seat is Shelby. The Jack Dempsy fight took place in Toole County. The principal industry in the county is agriculture. The county is served by a county health department located in Shelby and a Board of Health that meets quarterly.

Tommy Gibbons

Health Department:
226 1st Street South, Shelby, MT 59474
434-5169

Demographics		Toole					Montana				
Area (square miles)						1,911					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						5,100					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	190	600	1,400	350	2,520	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	180	620	1,380	420	2,580	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	370	1,200	2,750	770	5,100	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						77.4%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$25,108					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						5.3%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		14.9%		22.1%		35.1%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		7.4%		15.1%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						143					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						9					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						11.8					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						12.0					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		76.0	78.0	77.5	☆	77.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Toole		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	39.3	63.0	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	87.4%☆	60.7%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	7.3%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	10.5%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	10.5 ☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	431.1		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	26.2		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	19.7		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	78.7		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	91.3%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	13.1		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Toole			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 20 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	1/68 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services Licensed (Number of Home Health Agency and/or Hospice Licenses)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	1	None		60	20	
Mental Health Service Facility Licenses (Number of Community Mental Health Center, Chemical Dependency Treatment Center, and Residential Treatment Facility Licenses)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	1.5	1.0	1	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	5	0	0	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - None; State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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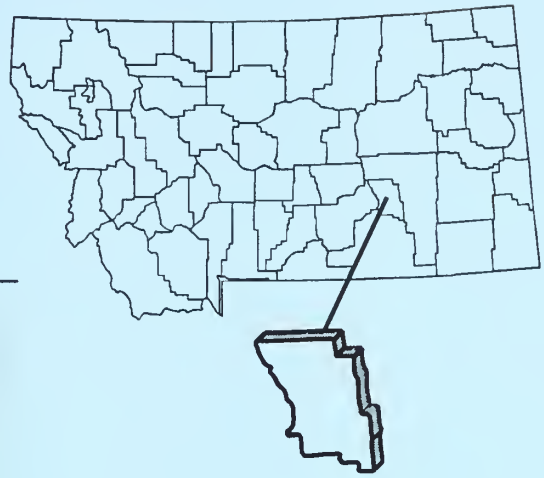

County: Treasure

County Seat: Hysham

Treasure County is in the central part of southeastern Montana. The population density was 0.9 persons per square mile in 1995, making Treasure County a frontier county. The county seat is Hysham. Treasure County was once home to Sioux Tribes and to the first trading post in Montana. The major source of income today is agriculture. The county is served by a part time county health nurse located in Hysham.

Health Department:
Box 201, Hysham, MT 59038
342-5886

Demographics		Treasure					Montana				
Area (square miles)						979					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						840					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	30	100	220	70	420	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	30	100	230	70	420	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	50	200	460	140	840	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						85.1%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$18,152					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						3.4%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		15.8%		31.3%		46.6%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid			Medicare		Medicaid			Medicare	
		5.0%			21.0%		9.0%			14.6%	
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						12					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						15					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						10.7					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						14.3					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		77.0	80.0	79.5	☆	79.5	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Treasure		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	55.6	50.0	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	75.0%☆	75.0%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	0.0%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	4.2%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	0.0☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	238.9		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Cancer 2. Heart Disease 3. ☆		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	0.0		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	0.0		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	76.9		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	50.0%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	0.0		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Treasure			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	None			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	None			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services (Number of Home Health Agencies and/or Hospices)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	None	None		60	20	
Mental Health Services (Number of Mental Health Facilities)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	0.2	0.0	1	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	0	0	0	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - All; State HPSA; All of County Designated as Medically Underserved					

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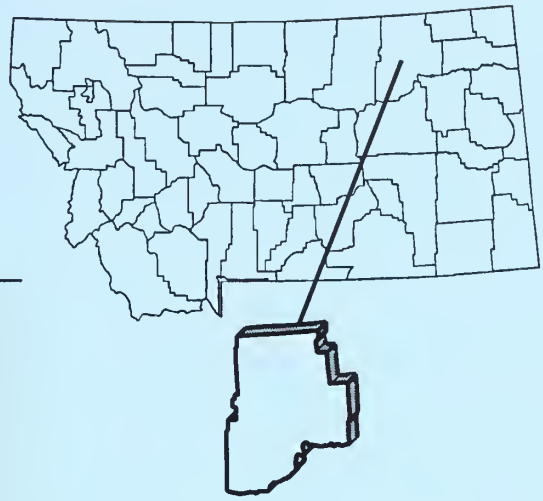

County: Valley

County Seat: Glasgow

Valley County is in northeastern Montana on the Canadian border. The population density was 1.7 persons per square mile in 1995, making Valley County a frontier county. The county seat is Glasgow. The Fort Peck Dam is located in Valley County. The county's largest employer is local government. The county is served by a county health department located in Glasgow and a Board of Health that meets quarterly.

Health Department:
501 Court Square, Box 11,
Glasgow, MT 59230
228-8221

Demographics		Valley					Montana				
Area (square miles)						4,921					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						8,460					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	270	940	2,330	680	4,230	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	260	870	2,280	840	4,240	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	540	1,810	4,620	1,520	8,460	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						78.5%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$21,781					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						4.5%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		16.6%		30.9%		42.4%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		10.3%		19.8%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						173					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						10					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						11.7					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						10.6					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		78.0	80.0	80.0	64.0	79.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Valley		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	50.0	65.7	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	77.6%☆☆	57.1%☆☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	5.0%☆☆		[illegible]	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	7.3%☆☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	16.5 ☆☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	555.4		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. COPD		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	15.9		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	23.9		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	107.4		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	100.0%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	19.9		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Valley			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 48 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	No	1 services in Glasgow		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	1/98 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	1	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services (Number of Home Health Agencies and/or Hospices)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	1	None		60	20	
Mental Health Services (Number of Mental Health Facilities)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	1.6	1.0	3	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	3	2	1	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - see MUP; State HPSA; All of County Designated as Medically Underserved					

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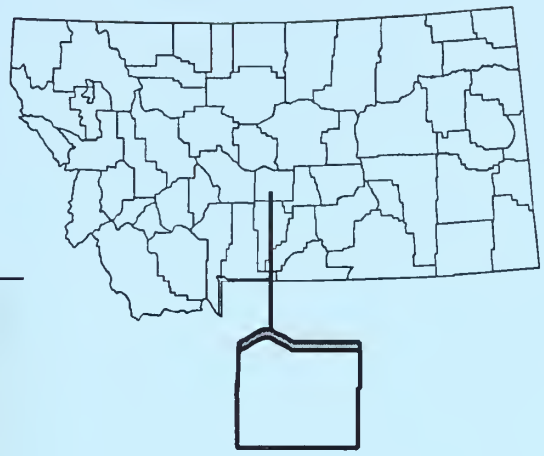

County: Wheatland

County Seat: Harlowton

Wheatland County is in central Montana. The population density was 1.7 persons per square mile in 1995, making Wheatland County a frontier county. The county seat is Harlowton. The statue in front of the Wheatland courthouse recognizes the contribution of pioneer women. Wheatland county is also the birthplace of Myrna Loy. The major source of income for the county is agriculture. The county is served by a multi-county health department centered in Fergus County.

Health Department:
1207 2nd St West, Roundup, MT 59072
323-3337

Demographics		Wheatland					Montana				
Area (square miles)						1,423					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						2,420					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	80	300	610	220	1,220	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	70	280	590	260	1,210	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	150	570	1,220	490	2,420	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						72.2%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$16,946					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						5.2%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		21.3%		41.5%		56.3%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		9.3%		21.2%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						82					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						16					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						12.0					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						8.7					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		77.5	79.0	78.0	☆	78.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Wheatland		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	44.4	74.6	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	59.6%☆	50.0%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	5.3%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	11.7%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	0.0 ☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	742.3		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	42.4		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	28.3		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	84.9		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	95.2%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	42.4		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Wheatland			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	1 local hospital; 18 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	1 rural			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	1/36 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services (Number of Home Health Agencies and/or Hospices)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	1	None		60	20	
Mental Health Services (Number of Mental Health Facilities)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	0.5	0.2	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	2	0	1	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - None; State HPSA; No Medically Underserved Designation					

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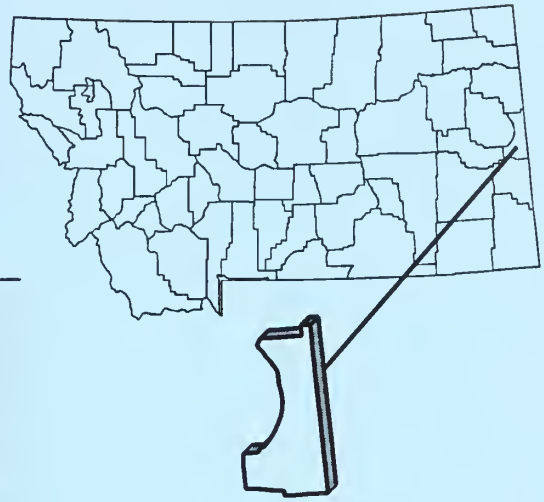
COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Wibaux

County Seat: Wibaux

Wibaux County is in eastern Montana on the North Dakota border. The population density was 1.3 persons per square mile in 1995, making Wibaux County a frontier county. The county seat is Wibaux. The west entrance to North Dakota, called "the Beach," is located in Wibaux County. The county's principal industry is agriculture. The county is served by a county health department located in Wibaux and a Board of Health that meets as needed.

Health Department:
Courthouse, Wibaux MT 59353
795-2485

Demographics		Wibaux					Montana				
Area (square miles)						889					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						1,170					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65 +	Total
	Male	40	150	290	110	580	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	30	120	320	140	590	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	80	260	580	250	1,170	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						68.4%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$19,375					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						4.5%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		18.2%		32.3%		52.3%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		10.2%		20.4%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						41					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						9					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						12.8					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						15.4					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		77.0	84.0	82.0	☆	82.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Prepared and distributed by the Health Assessment & Resource Development Section, Health Systems Bureau, Health Policy and Services Division. If you have questions or suggestions, E-mail them to *sspence@mt.gov* or call Sherry Spence at 406-444-1566 or JoAnn Dotson at 406-444-4748.

Health Status Indicators	Wibaux		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	9.1	54.5	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	86.1%☆	44.4%☆	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	2.8%☆		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	11.1%☆		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	27.8 ☆		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	85.5		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Cancer 2. Heart Disease 3. Accidents		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	57.6		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	28.8		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	172.9		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	70.0%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	28.8		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Wibaux			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	None			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	None			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	None		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	1/40 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	None	None	None	70	87	19
Home Care Services (Number of Home Health Agencies and/or Hospices)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	None	None		60	20	
Mental Health Services (Number of Mental Health Facilities)	None			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	0.6	0.2	0	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	0	0	0	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - All; State HPSA; Part of County Designated as Medically Underserved					

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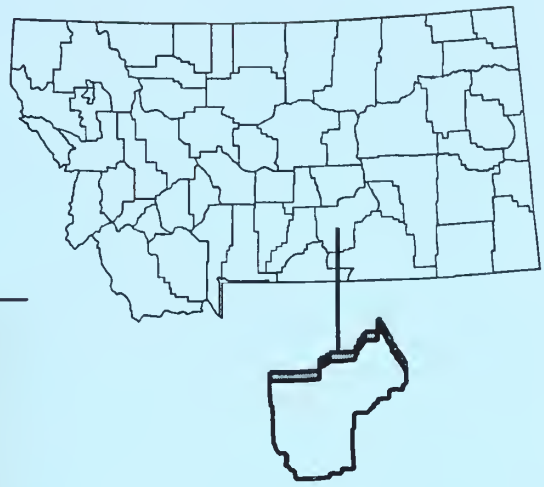
COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE
February 1997

MONTANA
Department of Public Health & Human Services
HEALTH ASSESSMENT AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



County: Yellowstone

County Seat: Billings

Yellowstone County is in southwestern Montana near the Wyoming border. The population density was 47.3 persons per square mile in 1995, making Yellowstone County a rural county. The Yellowstone county seat, Billings, is Montana's largest city. It was home to almost 86,600 people in 1994. The county's principal industry is health services. The county is served by a city-county health department located in Billings and a Board of Health.

Health Department:
PO Box 35033, Billings, MT 59107-5033
247-3370

Demographics		Yellowstone					Montana				
Area (square miles)						2,635					145,556
Population (1995 Census Bureau Estimate)						124,660					870,270
Population by Age and Gender (1995 U. S. Bureau of the Census Estimate)		0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total	0-4	5-19	20-64	65+	Total
	Male	4,560	14,060	35,370	6,560	60,530	31,020	102,570	248,430	49,530	431,550
	Female	4,260	13,330	37,460	9,070	64,130	29,470	96,830	248,270	64,130	438,720
	Total	8,820	27,390	72,840	15,620	124,660	60,490	199,400	496,730	113,670	870,270
Percent 25 years or older with HS Diploma or GED (1990 Census)						83.7%					81.0%
Median Household Income (1990 Census)						$25,942					$22,988
Unemployment Rate (MT Labor & Ind., 1995)						4.8%					5.9%
Percent of Population at or Below Federal Poverty Level (1990 Census)		100%		150%		200%	100%		150%		200%
		12.1%		22.1%		33.7%	16.1%		27.5%		39.9%
Percent of Population with Health Care Costs Covered by a Government Payor (1995)		Medicaid		Medicare			Medicaid		Medicare		
		7.7%		15.1%			9.0%		14.6%		
Persons 16 Yrs. and Older with Mobility/ Self-Care Limitations (1990 Census)						4,091					28,515
Rurality Index (0-20 Scale of political/social connectedness and access to health services)						2					N.A.
Live Births per 1,000 Population (1995)						13.2					12.8
Deaths per 1,000 Population (1995)						8.4					8.7
Average (Median) Age at Death (1995)		Male	Fem.	White	Other	All	Male	Fem.	White	Other	All
		73.0	79.0	76.0	50.0	75.0	74.0	80.0	77.0	60.0	76.0

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Health Status Indicators	Yellowstone		Montana	
Fertility Rates (Teen births in 1993-95 per 1,000 females 15-19 yrs.; all births in 1993-95 per 1,000 women 15-44 yrs.)	Teen	All Women	Teen	All Women
	41.0	58.3	44.3	59.8
Prenatal Care (Percent beginning care in first trimester & percent receiving adequate number and timing of prenatal visits, 1993-95)	Trimester	Care Adequacy	Trimester	Care Adequacy
	80.4%	75.3%	80.8%	71.6%
Percent Low Birthweight (Below 5 lbs. 8 oz., 1993-95)	6.2%		6.0%	
Pct. of Newborns with Anomalies or Abnormalities (1993-95)	2.3%		7.6%	
Fetal-Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Births & Fetal Deaths, 1993-95)	11.1		13.1	
Most Prevalent Health-Risk Behavior (Behav Risk Factor Surv, 93-95)	Sedentary Lifestyle		Sedentary Lifestyle	
Cancer Incidence Rate (Diagnoses per 100,000 Pop., 1993-1995)	358.6		380.7	
Leading Causes of Death (Determination of leading causes is based on a minimum of 20 deaths of county residents for 1993-95)	1. Cancer 2. Heart Disease 3. Cerebrovascular Disease		1. Heart Disease 2. Cancer 3. Cerebrovascular Disease	
Motor Vehicle Accident Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop., '93-95)	14.7		22.0	
Suicide Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	20.4		19.9	
Traumatic Injury Death Rate (Per 100,000 Population, 1993-95)	60.6		70.7	
Percent of 2-Year Olds Fully Immunized (1995)	66.4%		78.2%	
STD Incidence (1993-95 Reported Cases per 100,000 Population)	72.2		50.8	

Health Resource Assessment	Yellowstone			Montana		
Hospitals or Medical Assistance Facilities (MAFs)(Type of Facility and Number of Beds)	2 local hospitals; 558 total beds			47 local hospitals, 1 child./psych., 2 VA,10 MAF; 3014 total beds		
Rural Health Clinics/Community Health Centers (Number and Type)	1 rural, 2 community			23 rural, 10 community		
Availability of 911 Service and Advanced Life Support Service	911	Advanced Life Support		911	Advanced Life Support	
	Yes	5 services in Billings		96%	28 services	
Indian Health Service (IHS) Facilities (Number and Type)	None			8 clinics, 3 hospitals		
Tribal Health Clinics (Number)	None			3		
Skilled Nursing Facilities (Number of long term care facilities/beds)	9/886 total beds			106/7579 total beds		
Aging Services Licensed (Number of Personal Care, Adult Foster Care, and/or Retirement Home Licenses)	PC	AFC	RH	PC	AFC	RH
	19	24	3	70	87	19
Home Care Services (Number of Home Health Agencies and/or Hospices)	HHA	Hospice		HHA	Hospice	
	3	1		60	20	
Mental Health Services (Number of Mental Health Facilities)	3			14		
Public Health Resources (Number of Full-Time-Equivalent Public Health Nurses, Public Health Sanitarians, and WIC Nutritionists)	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists	Nurses	Sanitarians	Nutritionists
	41.0	4.0	6	157.1	77.1	34
Primary Care Provider Resources (Number of MDs and DOs, Family Nurse Practitioners, and Physician's Assistants)	MD/DO	FNP	PA	MD/DO	FNP	PA
	98	25	14	675	181	94
Health Care Provider Shortage Status (Federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), State HPSA, MUA, MUP)	Federal HPSA - None; State HPSA; Part of County Designated as Medically Underserved					

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